FIRST EDITION.

Midnight.

NEW YORK.

Trial of Stokes.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.

Another Railway Horror.

NEW YORK, July 5, 1872.

TRIAL OF STOKES.

The Stokes trial recommenced to-day, with a large attendance. The counsel for the defense opened to-day by reading a detailed report of the proceedings at the inquest over Fisk's body by the Coroner.

Coroner Young testified that the testimony taken at the inquest was taken by a stenographer. The testimony was not read to witnesses. The stenographer was sworn.

Judge E. H. Bixby testified to the trial of the case of Mansfield against Fisk being before him, and that on the day of the murder both Stokes and Fisk left his Court about one o'clock. A question whether any effort was made to arrest Fisk when complaint was first made was ruled out.

Frances S. Bisby testified that Stokes came to his office after leaving the Police Court at Yorkville, and told him if it was true that Fisk obtained an indictment against him from the Grand Jury for blackmailing. Witness told him that the matter had been before the Grand Jury, but was dismissed.

The counsel here asked witness if Stokes made any statement as to whether he was then going anywhere on business, but the Judge thought the question inadmissible.

Mr. Tremaine, of Stokes' counsel, argued its admissibility as being part of a connecting link of evidence going to show that instead of being at the Grand Central Hotel with murderous intent, he was there on business connected with a betting case in Providence, in which he was interested. He claimed that it was the God's truth that Stokes had nothing further from his mind than murder during the two or three hours preceding the shooting, and during which all his actions and words form part of the transactions in which he was engaged.

The District Attorney replied, supporting the inadmissibility of the question, to which Mr. Tremaine responded very sharply, condemning the course of the District Attorney and of the press. He alluded to the District Attorney having private counsel in this case in a sarcastic manner, to which the District Attorney responded by calling Mr. Tremaine's attention to the fact that he (Tremaine) was employed as private counsel to assist the State Attorney in the Cole murder case, and also referred to the fact that Mr. Tremaine's associate was private counsel for Mrs. Mansfield in the libel suit against Fisk, as well as private counsel in the Cancemie murder case.

This tilt of the counsel being over, the following questions were put, but ruled out by the Court and exceptions taken:

What reason did the prisoner give for making an inquiry about the indictment by the Grand Jury? Did he say anything in relation to his intention of going to Providence on Tuesday as a reason for making the inquiry as to the indictment, and what did he say?

R. E. Andrews testified that Stokes on the day of the murder asked him if there was an indictment against him, and if he went out of the State whether the requisition could be proceeded with against him.

Mr. McKeon here made another attack on the District Attorney, and was reprimanded by the Judge.

Telegrams of Stokes on the 6th of January were offered as evidence to show the prisoner's intentions on that day, but were excluded. A recess was taken.

After the recess Mr. McKeon read to the jury the testimony of Lawrence Carr, a hack driver, as taken before the coroner, which has already been published. He did not prove Carr's discharge, and had no directions from Stokes to drive fast.

Samuel M. Loughlin was then called to the witness table. He testified: I was at the Hoffman House at twenty-five minutes before four o'clock on the sixth of January. I was engaged in assisting Stokes in his exercise before the Court of Appeals. I was looking with him for witnesses in this city.

Question—Did you tell him where to find these witnesses? Answer—I did.

Q.—He did you tell him he would find them? A.—I told him he would find two of them at the corner of Amity street and Broadway. When I first saw him he was standing near the telegraph office; saw him leave the Hoffman House in a coupe. He told me where he was going.

Q.—What did he say? Excluded.

Q.—Did he say anything to you in regard to his fear that Fisk was going to shoot him.

Mr. Tremaine asked this question, and offered to show that this fact was known to witness as well as the prisoner excluded.

Daniel F. Ingraham, jr., testified: I know Stokes; knew him two years ago. He was then arrested for embezzlement. I was instrumental in causing the indictment. Witness told me

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SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1872.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ULYSSES S. GRANT.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
HENRY WILSON.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. F. HARTRANFT, Montgomery County.
SUPREME JUDGE.
ULYSSES MERCUR, Bradford County.
AUDITOR GENERAL:
HARRISON ALLEN, Warren County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. LEMUEL TODD Cumberland.

DELEGATES AT LARGE TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
WM. M. MEREDITH, Philadelphia;
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, Philadelphia;
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. WM. LILLY, Carbon;
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, Schuylkill;
H. N. McALLISTER, Centre;
WILLIAM H. ARMSTRONG, Lycoming.
WILLIAM DAVIS, Monroe;
JAMES L. REYNOLDS, Lancaster;
SAMUEL F. DIMMICK, Wayne;
GEO. V. LAWRENCE, Washington;
DAVID N. WHITE, Allegheny;
W. H. AINEY, Lehigh;
JOHN H. WALKER, Erie.

COUNTY.

CONGRESS—XXIIId DISTRICT:
JAMES S. NEGLEY, of Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS—XXIIId DISTRICT:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, of Allegheny.
(Subject to District Conference.)
FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE:
JAMES P. STERRETT, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LAW JUDGE:
EDWIN H. STOWE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LEGISLATURE:
H. H. McCORMICK, 1st District, Pittsburgh.
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, 2d District, Pittsburgh.
J. D. RAMSEY, of Allegheny.
HYDE SAMPLE, of Sharpsburg.
J. W. BALLANTINE, of Temperanceville.
A. B. YOUNG, of Robinson.
J. C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins.
FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN H. HARE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF COURTS:
W. H. McCLEARY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, of Pittsburgh.
FOR RECORDER:
RALPH J. RICHARDSON, of Pittsburgh.
FOR REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. GRAY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
JAMES McGUNNEGLE, of Chartiers.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JAMES W. BRIDEL, of Robinson.
DELEGATES TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
THOS. MacCONNELL. | W. F. WHITE.
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE. | MATTHEW EDWARDS.
THOS. EWING. | THOMAS HOWARD.

Bonds at Frankfort 96¼.

Petroleum at Antwerp 44f.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 113½@113¾.

The Carelessness of the American people is strikingly shown by the fact that last year nearly three millions of letters were received at the Dead Letter office in Washington, and among them were found letters containing money orders amounting to $200,000. Of the letters upwards of four hundred thousand were unstamped, and three thousand were mailed with no direction at all.

The public debt of Great Britain—reduced to our currency at the rate of $5 to the pound sterling—according to the last statement of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, amounted to $3,919,270,000. According to the last Statement of Secretary Boutwell the public debt of the United States was $2,210,231,000. The yearly interest charge on the British debt is $194,150,000; on the United States debt, $104,992,000.

We direct attention to the eloquent and interesting address of the Hon. J. S. Rutan of Beaver county, delivered on the 4th of July, at the celebration at Cannellton. It is a masterly review of the progress of the age we live in, and a tribute to the honest toilers, the workingmen of the United States. Read it; it will amply repay perusal. Senator Rutan has few superiors as a writer and speaker, and was very successful in this his latest effort.

The trial of Judge McCunn, one of the notoriously corrupt New York judges, resulted in his being found guilty of seven of the eight specific charges against him, involving corrupt, arbitrary and mal-conduct in office. The Senate ordered by a unanimous vote that he be removed from office, twenty-eight Senators voting. The principal charge against McCunn was that he was corruptly interested in the appointment of a receiver, the selection of counsel, and in various other matters concerning the custody and disposal of a valuable property involved in a case before him. The Senate was not sitting as a court of impeachment, and M'Cunn's counsel will carry the case to the Court of Appeals of the State. The trial of Barnard by impeachment yet remains to be disposed of. Cardoza, it will be remembered, resigned to avoid judgment against him on a very plain case. The removal of three corrupt judges ought certainly to influence judicial proceedings for the better in New York.

Mr. Greeley grows more solicitous for Democratic support, and more anxious to prevent that bolting he has so often recommended as the duty of Republican voters when not satisfied with nominations. He has written another letter, this time to a Wisconsin Democrat, pledging himself to make his appointments "regardless of past differences." The sole test is to be whether the hungry applicant—and won't there be legions of them—voted for Greeley and Brown, and of course Democratic State and local nominations. Partizan orthodoxy must be unimpeached, and a record that showed sympathy with McClelland and Seymour in 1864 and 1868 will be more influential than one that proved loyalty to the Union and devotion to Lincoln and Grant. "Reform," as Horace now interprets it, means vote the "straight ticket," invented at Cincinnati and approved at Baltimore. The high professions of the civil service reformers dwindle in practice beyond all precedent. They might be called the essence of bosh and nothingness—mere traps to catch stupidity.

An effort was made in London to adjust the great strike now in progress in the building trade by arbitrating the differences, but the workmen would not agree to submit all the points, and arbitration failed. Three questions were at issue between the workmen and their employers, or "masters," as they say over the water, viz: the number of hours the men are to work, the wages per hour, and the construction of a new code of working rules. The "masters" wished to refer all three questions to arbitrators, but the workmen would only consent to refer the preparation of a new code of rules, and insisted on the time and wages questions being settled in accordance with their demands. This led to a general lock-out by the employers, and some twenty-five thousand mechanics have thereby been thrown out of work. If the principle of arbitration was deemed satisfactory in one case, it is strange it was not accepted in all. It would probably have led to a compromise, and the mechanics been saved the loss that will attend the lock-out. The demand as to time is to limit the day's work to nine hours.

By hook or crook the Greeley people have managed to control all the Democratic State Conventions called to send delegates to Baltimore, except that of little Delaware. Where they can do so, they indorse Greeley with gushing eloquence, but failing in that they content themselves with an approval of the Cincinnati Convention platform. All the time, however, they make sure of a majority of the delegates, and by instructing them to vote as a unit, manage to silence the opposition. In this way, Mr. James P. Barr, of the Pittsburgh *Post*, will have his vote recorded for Greeley at Baltimore; the pill will be forced on him whether or no. The Michigan Convention was managed by the Greeley men, the way we have indicated, and the resolutions adopted illustrate this so well, we quote them entire:

Resolved, That we indorse the principles of the Cincinnati platform.

Resolved, That our delegates to Baltimore be instructed to vote as a unit.

There's a Democratic platform for you. The Detroit *Free Press* has opposed Greeley with great zeal, but its opposition is swallowed up by this little game. It is no wonder the *World* denounces the Democratic indorsements of Greely as the greatest of shams obtained by trickery and false pretences.

The work before Prince Bismarck in any conflict that may arise with the Catholics of Germany, in case that class of the population should resist his repressive measures against the Jesuits, is not a slight one by any means. A Catholic Professor of the University of Prague has published a book of statistics about religious orders in Germany which makes it clear that many parts of the empire are as much under clerical influence as Italy or Spain. In Prussia there is one priest or member of a religious fraternity for every 584 Catholics of all ages; in Bavaria, the proportion is one for every 309; and for all Germany, one for every 481. Coming down to particular towns, the relative numbers of Catholic ecclesiastics and laymen, are still more surprising. Taking the adult Catholic population of Cologne, it seems that out of every 105, there is one clergyman. In Aix-la-Chapelle there is one ecclesiastic to every thirty-eight adult Catholics; in Munich one to twenty, and in Treves one to every ten. But it must be recollected there is an important division among the Catholics of Germany. The "old Catholics" as those call themselves who resist Papal infallibility, and the claims of the Ultamontanes and Jesuits, are both numerous and influential, and in a contest with the latter are more likely to side with the Government than the religious order, so long as the question is a political one, and does not involve the merits of their faith. This is the way the German Government puts its measures against the Jesuits, claiming they are in every sense political and not intended to embarrass any man or sect in the perfect of their religious belief.

HON. P. C. SHANNON.

We have already taken occasion to notice the complimentary manner in which the mention of this gentleman's name in connection with the Congressional nomination is received by the press and public. We are candid when we reiterate the belief that his name on the State ticket, as a candidate for the position of Congressman at large, will strengthen our cause vastly in this county not only, but throughout the western end of the State. In the event of General Harry White's withdrawal, there is but one sentiment in the West, and that is favorable to Judge Shannon as his successor on the ticket. He is well known all over the State, his abilities are admitted by all, and we heartily and cordially endorse the kind words spoken of him by the press of the State, and particularly by the Armstrong *Republican*, Greensburg *Tribune and Herald*, Harrisburg *Telegraph*, Philadelphia *Press*, and Washington *Reporter*.

We have not space to republish these, but cannot refrain from producing the following notice of our genial friend, the Judge, taken from the last named paper, and will only add that it comes entirely unsolicited. The *Reporter* says:

"A number of Republican papers in different parts of the State have declared in favor of the nomination of Hon. P. C. Shannon, of Pittsburgh, as a candidate for Congressman at large, in case the looked for withdrawal of Gen. Harry White should take place. Should Gen. White conclude to content himself with a seat in the Constitutional Convention, the candidate to succeed him will of course be taken from the West, and on the score of merit, as well as gallant and efficient service in the cause, we know of no man having stronger claims than Judge Shannon. He is a large hearted gentleman of superior culture, and deserves handsome recognition at the hands of the party of whose principles and policy he has for years been so able and eloquent a champion."

To all of which we say amen with all our heart.

BUCKALEW ON CIVIL RIGHTS.

On the 24th day of February, 1864, Mr. Willey, of West Virginia, introduced into the United States Senate a resolution reciting that in the opinion of the committee of which he was chairman, "colored persons are entitled to all the privileges that other persons have in the public street cars, and have all the remedies for any denial of such privileges which belong to any person." This was in reply to an effort on the part of the Democratic corporation known as the "Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company," aided and abetted by Democratic statesmen (?) to prevent colored persons from using the street cars. No matter how old and feeble the person was; no matter how young or crippled; small odds to these Democratic liberal minded statesmen whether the individual wore a faded suit of army blue, with one sleeve or one leg too many for his use, provided his skin was *black*, though his heart should be ever so pure, he must not be allowed to ride on the white man's street car.

On reading the above report of Senator Willey we scanned the ineffaceable record to find where our pure-minded and justice-loving Democratic Senator from Pennsylvania stood, the immaculate Buckalew. Democracy had pictured him to us in such fine colors that we expected to find his name recorded on the side of justice and mercy, but true to his natural instincts and his unmitigated Democratic and autocratic prejudices, there he stands on the record against permitting the black man or woman to ride on the public cars of Washington and Georgetown.

Mr. Sumner moved that the Committee on the District of Columbia be directed to *consider the expediency* of further providing by law against the exclusion of colored persons from the *equal enjoyment of all railroad privileges* in the District. Among the nays we find the name of the present Democratic candidate for Governor, Senator Buckalew, along with all the other Democratic brethren. On March 17, 1864, when the Senate was incorporating the Metropolitan Railroad Company in the District of Columbia, an amendment was offered providing that "there shall be no regulation made for the exclusion of any person from any car on account of color." Again we find our modern exemplar, Buckalew, voting with Saulsbury, Hendricks and others against the civil rights of the black man. On June 21st of the same year, on the supplement to the charter of the Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company a proviso was inserted, to the effect that "there shall be no exclusion of any person on account of color." Buckalew is among the nays, as usual, still fighting for the right of the white man to keep the blacks down, and in this case succeeding for the time. On the same day, we find this defeated proviso again up in the Senate, with Buckalew heading the list of nays. The bill, with the proviso and amendment added, then passed the Senate, Buckalew still opposing it with grim despair.

"On the question of admitting colored men to the witness stand, which was discussed in the Senate on June 28th, 1862, again on July 7th, 1862, and again on July 15th, 1862, we find all the Democrats in the negative, and presume the liberal Buckalew would have been there too, had he been a Senator, for on the same question arising on June 25, 1864, in the following form—"provided, that in the Courts of the United States there shall be no exclusion of any witness on account of color," he is again with all his Democratic colleagues on the negative side of the roll. The question coming up in open Senate to confirm the action of the Committee of the Whole, our indefatigable "reformer" and advocate of "all rights for all," remains steadfastly shrieking "No," determined to "squelch" the black man if it lay in his power. At another time we shall take up Mr. Buckalew's record in the Senate on the questions of slavery and the slave trade, and it will be found even more damnable and execrable than this which we have already given. This is the paragon of a perfect, high-toned, honorable exemplary, christian and just gentleman which Democracy has given to us as a candidate for Governor. We shall follow him throughout his twenty years of public life, and shall show our readers from the record he has made, what a mean, cowardly and despicable tyrant demagogue and Democrat he has been, and leave them to determine whether such a character can be glossed over and made fit to serve us as Governor. During the war there was no more servile tool to the pro-slavery proscriptive spirit, and more cunning schemer than this man Buckalew, whom Democracy deems the *summum bonum* of their Janus-faced party. We intend to let the people see Mr. B. as he has written himself down in history, and if the picture displeases him and his friends, we cannot help it.

Livingstone's Wanderings.

The New York *Herald* of July 2d publishes a cable dispatch from its London correspondent, giving extracts from the letters received there from Mr. Stanley, the chief of the *Herald's* Exploring Expedition to Central Africa in search of David Livingstone. From accounts previously published, it may be remembered that on June 23, 1871, Stanley had arrived at Unyanyembe, after a perilous march of eighty days from Bagamoyo, on the coast opposite Zanzibar Island. In July the caravan, after refitting, was prepared to move, but was delayed by the threatened attacks of Mirambo, a native chief, who demanded an inordinately large amount of black mail as toll for passing through his country. After a battle lasting four days Mirambo retreated, and Stanley then started for Ujiji, on the Tanganyika Lake, which town he reached after a journey of four hundred miles. Intelligence had reached the caravan of the presence of Livingstone at Ujiji, and a triumphal entry was made into the town by Stanley and his followers. The natives turned out in amazement to receive the caravan, and amid a group of dusky, sunburned, turbaned Arabs, Stanley perceived a hale looking, gray bearded white man, wearing a red woolen jacket, and a navy cap with a faded gold band. This travel-worn white man was Livingstone, who subsequently gave the following account of his adventures.

In March, 1866, Livingstone started up the Rovuma river, but had not gone very far before he was deserted by his native followers, who circulated the report of his death. Livingstone then proceeded on his journey alone, and after difficult traveling reached and crossed the Chambezi. He continued his explorations for seven hundred miles along the banks of this river, and up to within one hundred and eighty miles of its head, and became convinced that the Chambezi, or Lualaba, as it is called in the upper parts, is the source of the Nile, thus giving that stream a length of twenty-six hundred miles. His explorations also established the fact that Lake Tanganyika does not flow into the Nile. Livingstone spent some time in exploring the region surrounding the Chambezi, and from want of supplies was obliged to return to Ujiji, where he was discovered in a state of destitution by Stanley. The two explorers left Ujiji October 16th, 1871, and arrived at Unyanyembe towards the end of November. They remained for twenty-eight days at Unyanyembe and then returned and spent Christmas, 1871, together, at Ujiji. Mr. Stanley's letter is dated March 24th, 1872, and he was then on his return to the coast, having left Livingstone at Unyanyembe. Livingstone, it is stated, intends to remain two years longer in Africa, that period being required to explore the shore of Tanganyiki Lake and the remaining one hundred and eighty miles of the Chambezi, or Lualaba river.

A New York Lion.

Mr. A. B. Stockwell who has recently been figuring quite extensively in Wall street operations, is thus sketched.

Mr. Stockwell is a comparatively young man—not more than thirty-five years of age—and a native of Connecticut. He began his business career a poor young man as good management for his first start in life. In 1866 his brother, Levi Stockwell—then a paymaster in the United States Navy—married one of the daughters of Elias Howe, inventor of the sewing machine, and a very wealthy manufacturer. Added to this to his brother's wedding, of course, and his irrepressible looks captivated another daughter of Mr. Howe, and he was soon after married to her. In due time, as in duty bound, the old man died and left his immense property to his children. The Howe Sewing Machine Company was reorganized, with one of the sons as President; Alden B. Stockwell as Vice-President, and Levi Stockwell Secretary and Treasurer. They had, and still have a magnificent factory at Bridgeport, and a splendid salesroom in New York. With this business one would suppose young Stockwell would have been content. But, no; he used to say that his wife's riches were nothing to him. He wanted to be rich himself, and by his own efforts. He despised the sewing machine business, and threw everything connected with it on his brother whenever he could. And so about four years ago he went into Wall street one fine morning and began to speculate on a small scale. He invested $2,000, and in November, 1871, that investment had swelled by successful management to $11,000,—that being the amount of Pacific Mail stock which the Stockwell party voted at the election for officers. He is a very quiet operator, and was worth millions before anybody in Wall street outside of a few confidential brokers had ever heard of such a man as Stockwell. As an evidence of this, the following note—sent by Mayor Hall to the editor of one of the great newspapers—may be quoted:

CITY HALL, NEW YORK, July 15, 1871.

My Dear ——: There is a queer fish flopping about in Wall street, whom I think it would be well to have written up. He is as quiet as a mouse, but is said to be the heaviest, boldest and most successful operator in the street. Send a reporter to pump him. His name is A. B. Stockwell, and I believe he is connected with the Howe Sewing Machine Company.

Yours, A. OAKEY HALL.

The editor sent an interviewer of powerful suction to perform the task suggested in the above note. But it was of no use. Not a word as to the past, present, nor probable future could be got out of the queer fish. He simply said: "I don't want my name in the papers and won't have it there."

The Base Ball Championship.

The two months which have now elapsed since the commencement of the competition for the base ball championship have done much to prove how great is the uncertainty attending that game. So far the Boston club has played nineteen games and only lost one, and in none of their contests, excepting one, did their opponents score more than seven runs, while in sixteen they never exceeded four.

The Athletics are next in order of merit, they having played sixteen games and lost but four.

The Mutuals stand a good third, and although the scores of the games played show that their play has been uniformly steady, yet it does not compare favorably with that of the Bostons.

Another month will, in all probability, decide whether the Bostonians are likely to fly the pennant during the season of 1873. If they pass through July without a streak of bad luck, they will then be so far ahead of their competitors as almost to insure ultimate success. The following table shows the number of games lost and won:

	Won.	Lost
Athletic	12	4
Atlantic	9	9
Baltimore	16	10
Boston	18	1
Cleveland	6	8
Eckford	10	8
Mansfield	6	9
Mutual	16	8
National	9	11
Olympic	7	7
Troy	12	9
Total	84	84

Restoring Her Beauty.

Several years ago Miss Sallie Bosley, the beautiful and accomplished niece of Rev. T. G. Bosley, pastor of Bascom church, Louisville, had the misfortune to be thrown from a buggy and have a finger joint dislocated. The joint was not thrown back to its place, and the finger, bent double and deprived of the use of the muscles, did well and remained stiff and deformed till a short time ago. The young lady came on a visit to her uncle in Louisville, who advised her to have the finger rebroken and reset. She consented to do so, and went immediately to see two of the most eminent surgeons of the city. They placed Miss Bosley under the influence of chloroform, broke the finger over again, straightened and bandaged it, and then commenced a course of treatment for the restoration of the use of the muscles. The operation and the restoration were a complete success, and the young lady has not only a neat, pretty hand, without any deformity, but she has regained the complete use of her finger. She has just returned to her home in Washington county.

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Misses' Cotton Hosiery.
Children and Infants' Cotton Hosiery.
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Ladies, Misses and Children's Thin Gauze Underwear.
Bargains in Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Undergarments.
The New Pompadour Patent Skeleton Panier.
Hoop Skirts—latest styles.
Ladies' White Swiss Jackets.
Embroidered Cashmere Sacques at reduced Prices.
A Novelty—the Crape de Chene Head and Shoulder Scarf, Bias Silk and Crape de Chene Neck Scarfs in a very great variety of shades.
Bargains in Hamburg Embroideries still continue. A fresh lot just received.
Fancy Feather and Tip in all the new tints.
Real and Patent Val. Lace Sleeves, Linen Sleeves, Collars and Cuffs.
HORNE & CO.'S
PENN STREET STORES,
NOS. 197 AND 199.
NEW STOCK
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS.
A FULL LINE
AT
Eastern Prices,
IN THE
NEW STORE,
239 and 241 Liberty Street.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.
Buyers are Invited to Call.
PARASOLS! PARASOLS!!
Macrum & Carlisle,
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,
HAVE OPENED A LARGE LOT OF
Plain Parasols,
Ruffled Parasols,
Fringed Parasols,
Pongee Parasols,
WITH PLAIN AND TOURIST STICKS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Silk Parasols
AND
LACE PARASOLCOVERS.
A good line, all sizes, of
SUN UMBRELLAS.
Every article at Very Low Prices.
Macrum & Carlisle,
27 Fifth Avenue.
ANDERSON
SASH
BALANCE.
Builders' and Contractors' attention is called to this Improved Sash Balance. It is more desirable and less expensive than the old style of cord and weights. It will not get out of order, and can be attached to any window-frame. Call and examine the invention at the
PITTSBURGH OFFICE,
70 SMITHFIELD STREET
J. S. BELL,
AGENT.
Reduction in Prices
OF
GAS FIXTURES.
We will sell Gas Fixtures at reduced prices for the next thirty days, no charge being made for hanging them in any part of the city, Allegheny or Birmingham. Those desiring to purchase should call and examine the finest assortment in the west. Call and purchase direct, allowing no interference through your gas fitter.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 Wood Street.
HERRON & BATES,
DEALERS IN
REAL ESTATE,
Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages
AND OTHER SECURITIES.
The undersigned have formed a partnership under the firm name of HERRON & BATES, for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, Stocks, Commercial Paper Bonds, Mortgages, and other securities
On Commission Only.
All classes of property, city, suburban, improved and unimproved, bought and sold on favorable terms.
Property leased, Rents collected, Taxes paid, &c.
Parties assenting themselves from the city will find it to their advantage to leave their property in our hands for attention. As our business is transacted solely on commission, our patrons can rely on receiving at all times our undivided efforts in their behalf.
Office No. 38 WOOD STREET, under St. Charles Hotel. WM. A. HERRON.
jy29:187 F. A. BATES.

MINERAL WATER DEPOT.
EXCELSIOR SARATOGA WATER ON DRAFT.
DEEP ROCK WATER ON DRAFT.
KISSINGEN WATER ON DRAFT.
VICHY WATER ON DRAFT.
BLUE LICK WATER ON DRAFT.
Also, ST. LOUIS (Mo.) LIGER) MAGNETIC SPRING WATER.
STERLING MAGNETIC SPRING WATER.
HATHORN SPRING WATER.
In Bottles—sold by the dozen, or by the case or barrel, at the lowest prices, at
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.
N. B.—Call and try our Soda Water, drawn from the Frost King Soda Water Apparatus, the finest in the city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
IN VESTMENT
SECURITIES.
To all seeking investment, combining large profit with abundant security, we offer and recommend the first mortgage 7-30 Gold Bonds of the North Pacific Railroad Company.
They have thirty years to run, and bear interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent. in gold.
Many holders of 7-30s are exchanging them for Northern Pacific, and thereby **increasing their Annual Income Nearly One-Third.**
The highest current rate will be paid for all marketable securities received in exchange.
The Company is now offering for sale to settlers and colonies Three Million Acres of its Lands in Minnesota, and a large area on the Pacific coast will soon be placed on the Market. Many thousand acres have already been sold. The proceeds of land sales constitute a SINKING FUND for the First Mortgage Bonds, and the Bonds are at all times convertible at 1-10 into the Company's Lands at market prices.
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Financial Agents North Pacific Railroad.
These bonds are for sale by the following agents in Pittsburgh:
PEOPLE'S SAVING BANK.
MASONIC SAVINGS BANK.
WESTERN SAVINGS BANK.
N. HOLMES & SON.
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
HART, CAUGHEY & CO.
With entire confidence I recommend these Bonds to the public.
J. K. MOORHEAD,
General Agent Pittsburgh District.
my18:t35-s&w
GET THE BEST.
Howe Standard.
Sampson Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' sundries.
Scales repaired.
SOUDER & McCLURG,
my2:tf 63 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
BARGAINS
For this Week
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
AT 6¼ CENTS,
Fast Col'd Prints,
Best quality, in short lengths.
AT 8½ CENTS,
FAST COL'D PRINTS,
A large assortment, beautiful styles, best quality.
AT 5, 10, and 12½ CENTS,
BLACK HERNANIS.
AT 12½ CENTS,
Japanese Cloths.
AT 55 CENTS,
BLACK ALPACAS,
Very fine, double-faced—a decided bargain.
AT 22 and 25 CENTS,
DOLLY VARDEN CHINTZES.
EXTRA BARGAINS AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.
NEW SPRING GOODS.
We take great pleasure in informing the ladies of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that we have just opened a very large and well selected stock of Spring Goods. These Goods were selected with great care, and are of the very latest style. Our stock of
BLACK SILKS
Japanese Silks,
ALPACAS,
DOLLY VARDENS
IN CHOICE STYLES,
MOHAIRS
AT OLD PRICES.
Shawls and Scarfs,
LINENS, TOWELS,
Prints, Cassimeres,
And in fact a Complete Assortment of Housekeeping Goods and Dress Goods, new and fresh, are large and cannot fail to please the most fastidious.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN.
Cor. of Market St. and Fourth Ave.
Remember, we have removed from 21 Fifth avenue to the large Dry Goods House, corner of Fourth avenue and Market street, where we will be pleased to see our friends.

If You are Troubled
WITH
SPECTACLES
That Makes Your Eyes Ache & Pain You,
Cast them aside as you would poison, and substitute those beautiful Spectacles of
LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.
You will be surprised and delighted at the improvement, and receive your sight from the certain dreadful effects of wearing common spectacles. Each pair is stamped L. & M. P. S. None other are genuine and an only be obtained in this city from our authorized agents.
B. A. BUERKLE, 552 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Mrs. C. BERGER, 117 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.
D. P. HOYLE, 6 Wylie Ave., Pittsburgh.
JOHN KEMLER, 1823 Carson St., East Birmingham, Pa.
J. C. MARK, 188 Ohio St., Allegheny City.
SAM'L H. ORR, 114 Federal Street, Allegheny City.
Mrs. E. P. ROBERTS, 16 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.
C. TERHYDEN, 130 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
WHOLESALE DEPOT.
10 CORTLANDT STREET, New York.
MANUFACTORIES—Hartford, Conn., and Sheffield, England.
CAUTION—None genuine unless stamped, and see corner eyepiece on spectacle frames.
ap22:p12-F

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
BARGAINS IN
HATS.
BARGAINS IN
BONNETS,
Ribbons and Flowers.
PARASOLS
AND
Sun Umbrellas,
All styles, qualities and sizes, very cheap.
AT 75 CENTS,
Ladies' White Skirts
A GREAT BARGAIN.
AT $1.00,
HONEYCOMB QUILTS,
AN EXTRA GOOD BARGAIN, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.
New Establishment.
Marbleized Slate Mantles,
FURNACES,
RANGES, GRATES.
Having fitted up the above STORE for the manufacture and sale of FURNACES, RANGES, GRATES and MARBLEIZED MANTLES, I would respectfully call the attention of Architects, Builders, Churches, School Committees and the public in general, to our stock of goods, consisting of
MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTLES,
which are six times as strong as marble, will not stain or discolor by gas, smoke, oil or acids.
I am now manufacturing and offer for sale the most desirable patterns and best finished Mantles ever offered in this market.
COOKING RANGES
Of the most popular and desirable patterns.
Old's Utility Fire Grate,
The most powerful heating grate in use, burning the gas and smoke, and saving from forty to fifty per cent. of fuel.
The New Cone Furnace,
which has a large amount of radiating surface, and for simplicity of construction, ease of management, economy in fuel and durability, will commend itself to all who will examine it. It will heat your building with one-third less coal than the common furnaces now in use. The BEST FURNACES for Coke, Bituminous and Anthracite Coal.
We solicit a liberal share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
JAMES OLD,
No. 193 Liberty Street,
feb10:bg2-TTH&S PITTSBURGH, PA
TIN CAN MANUFACTORY.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Miller's Screw Can,
Patented March, 1868.
The best and cheapest Fruit Can ever invented. Requires no sealing wax. This Can is also extensively used for Color, White Lead, &c. Send for sample. All other kinds of Tin Cans made. All orders filled on short notice.
D. MILLER & CO.,
109 and 111 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
my29:87
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PROPRIETORS.
Manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, Blue Lead, Zinco, Litharge, Putty, and all colors, dry and in oil.
OFFICE AND FACTORY—450, 452, 454, 456, and 458 REBECCA SREET.
We call the attention to the guarantee posted on our strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a pure article we mean it. We originally Pure"—that is, free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior both in color and covering property, and will not change color. Examine our Lead and whiter than any in the market, and forfeit the price of the package if containing the least adulteration.
jy2:t96
AkronSewer Pipe Co.
OFFICE, WAREHOUSE AND YARD:
Cor. Penn Ave. and Tenth St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA., AND
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny City, Pa.,
Manufacture Highly Vitrified
WATER AND SEWER PIPE,
both Ring and Socket, from 1 to 24 inch caliber, with Elbows, Branches, Curves, Stands and Traps for each size. Also, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Flues, Chimney Tops, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Grate and Retort Tile, Lawn Vases, Hydraulic Cement, &c.
C. G. McMILLEN,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENT.
Send or call for Price List. my29:s87
Arthur Kirk,
AGENT FOR
Hazard's Blasting, Mining and Sporting Powders.
All kinds of FUSE constantly on hand. Orders promptly filled at
No. 19 SEVENTH STREET (late Irwin),
au78 PITTSBURGH, PA.
79. 79.
R. A. HALL,
Human and Artificial Hair Goods
AND TOILET ARTICLES.
We are always receiving new goods and all the latest styles as soon as they are out. Also, a good stock of everything in the Real and Imitation Hair line can be found at 79 Fourth avenue, nearly opposite Rake of Pittsburgh. Ladies and Children's Hair Dressed and Shampooed, either at the store or at your residence, by female hair workers. Switches and Curls made of combings. mh8:m
LOOKING GLASSES
Pickersgill, Lyons & Co.,
No. 141 WOOD STREET,
Invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of LOOKING GLASSES and PICTURE FRAMES, embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.
WINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty. jy4:66-TTH18
$1,000 REWARD.
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR KIRK'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all druggists.

FINANCIAL.

Ira B. McVay & Co.,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale the following Local Securities at Par and Accrued Interest:

Pittsburgh City Water Bonds, 7 Per cent. Interest;

Pittsburgh Penn Avenue Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;

Ormsby Borough Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;

Birmingham Market Bonds, 8 per cent. Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - $200,000.

S. H. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRAZIER, Cashier.

Deposits of $1 and upward received.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

☞Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 6, 1872.

In financial circles there was but a small amount of business done to-day. The Fourth of July generally shuts down operations for three or four days, and this year, it seems, is to prove no exception to the rule. The transactions in money matters, therefore, were limited to the immediate wants of the week. The banks pursue the even tenor of their way, accepting all legitimate calls for loans without evidencing much desire at present to go outside of their regular customers to find employment for surplus funds, expecting in a short time that their own patrons will need a sufficient amount of money to keep their lines of discount up to all they can spare.

Outside the banks there is a large quantity of loose money seeking employment, considerable of which lies idle for the reason that possessors cannot find it agreeable to loan money at less than ten or twelve per c.n.t., which just now is extremely difficult to do. This is having anything but a good effect on the monetary interests of the city, as it drives parties out of town to seek loans elsewhere, the result of which in the end will be that the banks will have to pay for daily balances on all accounts worth having. This is now done in most of the eastern cities, and many business houses here are keeping balances in New York and Philadelphia, which would add much to the volume of money in this city if sufficient inducement were held out to keep it at home.

The rapidity with which the people are accustoming themselves to the exchange in all financial matters, is having a beneficial bearing in behalf of not only the banking, but all other business interests.

The fine rain on the Fourth has given quite an impetus to the growing crops in this locality, and now they are beginning to look very fine. The accounts from the west are coming in gloriously. Col. Ed. Campbell, formerly of this city, but now of Iowa, says the crops of that State never looked better, and are maturing splendidly. He speaks in high terms of it as a corn and wheat producing State, and appears much elated with the prospect of what Iowa in the future will be.

There is nothing worth mentioning in stocks or bonds. Real estate operations continue as lively as ever, and for investment, maintains its ascendency as being the favorite investment of the day. The Philadelphia stock boards being closed to-day, the quotations are therefore omitted.

The following dividends since our last report, are announced in our advertising columns this morning: Bank of Industry, semi-annual, 6 per cent; Allegheny Real Estate Bank $2.00 per share on six months' earnings; Cash Insurance Company, $4.00 per share, or eight per cent., six months' earnings. A very flattering statement of the National Bank for savings is advertised this morning.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., brokers, cor. Wood Street and Third Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by telegraph:

	Friday.
Bonds—1881	117
5-20— 1862	114¾
" 1864	114¾
" 1865	115¾
" 1865 new	113¾
" 1867	113¼
" 1868	114¾
10-40s	112¾
Currency 6's	119
Gold	113¾
RAILWAYS.	
New York Central	97¾
Erie	54½
Harlem	114¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	91¾
Rock Island	111¾
Wabash	77
Union Pacific	57¾
Ohio & Mississippi	46¼
Pacific Mail	75¼
West Union Telegraph	75¼
Adams Express	96¾
U. S. Express	87

NEW YORK, July 5, 1872.

Money easy at 4@5. Sterling firm at 109¾. Gold dull and steady at 113⅜@113¾. The Gold Exchange closed at 2 P. M. Loans were from 2 to 4 for carrying. Clearings about $16,000,000. The Government disbursed $634,000. Governments strong and higher; 10-40s advanced ⅛. State bonds steady and firm. The Stock Exchange opened at noon, with a buoyant market, at an advance over Wednesday's closing prices. Northwestern, Pacific Mail and Erie attracted the most attention, with the entire list firm. Lake Shore advanced ½, and was in good borrowing demand. The temper of the market is bullish, and closed strong. The earnings of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Company for the week ending June 30th, 1872, were $22,958.

GOVERNMENTS.—Compons of 1881, 117¾ bid; 5-20s of '62, 114¾ bid; do '64, 114¾@114⅝; do '65, 115¾@116¼; do new do, 113⅝ bid; do '67, 115¾@115⅝; do '68 coupons, 114⅝ bid; 10-40s coupons, 112⅜@112⅝; currency 6s, 114⅝@115; new 5 per cent. 113¾.

STATE BONDS.—Tennessee, 74¾; do new, 74; South Carolina, July, 58½; do April 25; Missouri 6s, 94¾.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Pacific Mail, 75¾; Western Union Telegraph, 75⅝; Adams Express, 96¾; Fargo do, 89½; American M. U., 73½; United States do, 87¾; Quicksilver, 43½; New York Central, 97¾; scrip, 97¾; Erie, 57½; Harlem, 114¾; Michigan Central, 115¼; Michigan Southern, 97⅜; Union Pacific, 28; Illinois Central, 136½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 91¾; Northwestern common, 73½; do preferred, 90¾; Rhode Island, 111¾; 38, Canal, 53¾; do preferred, 78; Toledo & Wabash, 75; Ohio & Mississippi, 46¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 5, 1872.

ASHES.—Common Soda Ash, 4¾@5c; Refined 5¾@6c; Nitrate Soda, 5c; Pots, 10c; Pearls, 11c.

BEANS.—Supply small but fully up to the demand, ranging from $2.75 to $3.25 per bushel as to quality.

BUTTER.—The receipts continue light but the supply is fully up to the demand, and prices are nominally unchanged ranging from 10 to 15 cents according to quality and condition.

BROOM CORN.—There is but little inquiry and in the absence of sales we continue to quote at 5 to 8 cents per lb.

CHEESE.—Is in good supply and the demand is less active but prices are unchanged; 10½@11 cents for dairy, 11½@12 for factory, and 12½@13 for Goshen.

CANNED GOODS.—Peaches $6.50 to $7 per case; Corn $5.50 to $6.50; Tomatoes, $4.50 to $5.

CARBON OIL.—The jobbing trade continues meagre and prices are still quoted at 20 cents by the car load, and 25@3 cents additional for small lots.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—Pennsylvania is unchanged at $5.50 per case.

COUNTRY BACON.—Shoulders; 4¼@5; clear sides, 6@6¼; hams, 8@10; country lard, 7@8 do.

CEMENT.—Louisville Cement, $2.50 to $2.75 per bbl; Calcined Plaster, $4 to $4.50; Land Plaster, $3.25 to $3.50; Cleveland Lime, $2; Eastern Lime, $1.75.

DRIED FRUIT.—The season is over and we omit quotations.

EGGS.—There were some sales made early in the day at 22c but subsequently they dropped to 20, and it is expected that there will be a still further decline.

FLOUR.—Is quiet and unchanged. The demand continues light being restricted entirely to supplying immediate wants. We can report sales in a jobbing way at $8.00 to $8.50 for fair to choice spring wheat, and $8.50 to $9.00 for winter wheat.

GRAIN.—There is no movement in grain in this market and, further more, there is not much prospect of an early improvement. Wheat is quiet as ever, and while there is little or none offering, there is no inquiry for it—there has not been a single sale reported in our market for sometime, and the mills are still working on stock bought before the break. Oats continue dull, and prices are a shade lower; and we reduce our quotations to 41@42—sales reported at 41. Shelled corn is quiet and unchanged; 58 to 59 on track, and 60@61 free in elevator. Rye is likewise without inquiry for car corn. Rye is nominal at 70 to 75.

GROCERIES.—Trade generally is quiet though fair for the season. There is considerable stir in coffee, and our merchants are nearly all busily engaged in filling orders, booked some time since, but which they did not want to fill until the free law went into operation. It is expected that there will be considerable activity in sugars during the next thirty days, as there usually is during the month of July. syrups, molasses, etc., quiet and unchanged.

REFINED SUGARS.—Crushed, 13¾; granulated, 13; powdered, 13¾; A, 12; B, 11¾; Ex C, 11¾; C, 11½; Circle C, 11¾; Chesapeake, Ex C, 11¼; Lonsdale, 11¼; Kinglish C yellow, 10¾.

COFFEE.—Fancy, 24½; prime, 23½, good, 22½; fair, 22; roasted, 27.

SYRUPS.—Fancy drips, 70; white; choice syrups, 65; good, 58; fair, 50; common, 35@40; black drips, 35.

MOLASSES.—Choice New Orleans, 80; Porto Rico, 65.

RICE.—Carolina, 9½@10; Rangoon, 7¾@9; Patna, 8 to 8¾.

HAY.—There is some inquiry and the market is generally quoted firm, though prices are without quotable change ranging from $25 to $30 per ton.

HEMP.—Kentucky rough at $130 per ton.

OIL.—Lard oil is quoted at 73@75 for No. 1, and 60@62 for No. 2.

POTATOES.—Continue dull and prices are so irregular that it is difficult to give quotations; we hear of sales of old at 20 to 30 cts per bushel, and new at $1.75 to $2.25 per bbl.

PROVISIONS.—Plain shoulders, 6½, sugar-cured, 9; ribbed sides, 8; short ribbed sides, 8½; clear sides 9; sugar cured hams, 14½; mess pork, $14.50; dried beef, 13c; smoked hams, 12½, however, 10¾ in buckets, 11¾. Ham sausage, 10½c.

POULTRY.—Live Chickens may be quoted at 75 to 85 cts per pair, by the coop.

RAGS.—Sales at 3¼@3½ cts per lb.

SALT.—Quoted at $1.75 per barrel by the car load, and $1.90 in a jobbing way.

SEEDS.—Flax seed is scarce and sells readily at $2.

TALLOW.—Rendered 7½ to 8 cts.

WILLOWS.—Offerings light; sales in a small way at 10 cts.

WHISKY.—Highwines in a jobbing way, 91@92.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 5, 1872.

Trade was very quiet to-day, and the market for both crude and refined was reported weaker. The former was quoted at $5.65 per bbl at Parker, equivalent to 9½ cents per gallon here, the lowest point it has touched for some time. Refined also a shade lower; July 22¾; 1st half August 22⅝; last half 22.

It is rumored that the production of crude is decreasing and some operators were predicting to-day that the next monthly report would show a decrease of one thousand barrels per day. However, this rumor may have been started for the purpose of stimulating the market.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA A. V. R. R.

Central Rfg. Co., 573 bbls to Logan Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 544 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Works, 506 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 150 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total.....1773

WEST PENN R. R.

Ralston & Waring, 260 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Eagle O W acct, Thos. King	450
Mohawk O W acct, Thos. King	450
Standard O W, acct. Fisher Bro	450
American O W, acct. S. B. Duncan	450
Commercial O W, acct. Stevenson	376
Brilliant O W, acct. Fisher Bro	74
Vesta O W, acct. H. McKelvy	908
Cosmos O W, acct. H. McKelvy	1460
Liberty O W, acct. W. Stevenson	154
Sunbeam O W, acct. W Stewart	80
Standard O W, acct. J. Bushnell	74
Brilliant O W, acct. Jos. Bushnell	376
Star O W acct, Fisher Bro	480
Aladdin O W, acct. H. W. C. Tweddle	530
Keystone O W, acct. J. Bushnell	240
Total	6322

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 5, 1872.

There has been rather more inquiry for Pig Iron during the past week, and while the volume of business continues light, there is a stronger feeling being developed on the part of the producers, and the outlook at the present time would indicate that not only are present prices going to be sustained, but that as soon as the demand livens up a little, an advance is not improbable. As noted in our last report, some of the mill owners have been feeling around recently, and we should not be surprised to hear of some of them commencing to buy within the next week or two, and some operators are impressed with the belief that those who buy earliest will buy cheapest.

Finished iron and nails are quiet though business is fair for the season. There is considerable activity in Sheet Iron but other kinds are quiet, quite a number of the mills have suspended operation to take stock and make repairs, but it is not likely that they will be idle long. The majority of the nail factories were stopped some weeks ago.

Railroad Iron is reported quet and unchanged at $80 to 85 per ton—no sales recently; however, stocks are light and the mills are still running.

ANTHRACITE.

50 tons No. 2 Foundry	$52 00	4 mos
50 tons No. 2 Foundry	52 00	4 mos
49 tons No. 1 Foundry	53 50	4 mos
YOUGHIOGHENY COKE.		
100 tons Gray Neutral	45 00	cash
CHARCOAL.		
500 tons Extra Forge private terms.		
BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED		
200 tons Grey Iron Short	50 00	4 mos
100 " "	52 00	4 mos
100 " " Neutral	48 00	4 mos

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH, FT. W. & CHICAGO R. R.

J. W. Porter	1	Loomis & Co	1
Graff B & Co	5	Siberian Iron Works	1
Nimick & Co	6	Jno. Moorhead	1
Total	13		

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lewis B. & D.	1	Spang C. & Co	4
Hussey, Wells & Co	1	Shoenberger B Co	12
Lucy Furnace	18		
Total	36		

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATTI & ST. LOUIS R. R.

J. W. Porter	2	Loomis & C	2
Total			4

WEST PENN.

Isabella Furnace Co. 5

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, July 5—5:30 P. M.—The bullion in the Bank of England decreased £487,000. Weather fair and favorable to growing crops. Consols, money 92⅝@92⅞. U. S. coupons: 5-20s '62, 92¾; 5-20s '65, 92⅝; 5-20s '67, 92¼; 10-40s 90. Petroleum: refined 15½s. Turpentine 37s. Sperm oil 44@46@47s.

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—U. S. 5-20s '62 96¾.

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 11@11¼d; middling Orleans, 11¼@11¾d. Wheat: spring 11s 3d@11s 6d; red winter 12s 2d. Flour 28s 6d. Corn 26s 3d. Lard 47s 3d. Tallow 42s 9d. Cumberland middles 27s. Cheese 57s 6d. Petroleum: crude 12d@13d; refined 17s.

PARIS, July 5.—Rentes 53f 85c. Specie in the Bank of France 3,090,000f.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The Cotton Exchange closed until Monday. Flour dull; strongly in buyers' favor; superfine western and State $5,25@5,75; common to good $6@6,40; white wheat extra $7,35@8,90. Whisky dull; 91c. Wheat heavy and lower; No 2 Milwaukee $1,25@1,30; winter red western $1,70@1,71; No 1 spring $1,53@1,55; No 2 do in store $1,48@1,51; winter red western $1,58@1,60; amber $1,63@1,65. Rye dull; western 78@79c. Barley and malt unchanged. Corn dull and lower; fair export demand by steamer; western mixed 50@61½c. Oats dull; western 40@43c; Ohio 43@44c. Eggs dull; western 16@19c. Coffee quiet and firm; Rio 16½@19½c. Sugar steady; fair to good refining 8¾@9c; Cuba 8¾@9c. Rice steady; 9@9¾c. Petroleum: crude 12½c; refined 22¾@22½c. Pork a shade firmer; mess $13.40@13.65; August $13.50; prime mess $12.25@12.90. Beef dull; plain mess $7.50@8.50; hams heavy $26@28; lard firmer nominal; prime mess $14@17. Cut meats quiet; hams 9¼@12½c; shoulders 5¼@6½c; middles more active; short clear 8¾@9c; kettle 8¾c. Butter dull; western 10@16c; State 22@25c. Cheese heavy; common to prime 9@11¾c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Beeves yesterday and to-day, 1,850, or 1,900 since Saturday, against 1,600 last week; trade very dull; thin cattle ¼c to ½c lower; some poor Illinois sent 600 each sold at 10c, while Texans, 1,050 lbs, went at 7¾c; good Texans brought 8@8¼c; fair to fine Illinois 11@12c; a few prime 12¾c; very many cattle unsold; 4 cars Illinois, 90 each, 10@11c. Sheep 6,000, including yesterday, making 20,000 since Saturday, against 15,000 last week. No change in sheep; two cars Ohio, 90 lbs, 6¾c; one car Indiana, 92 lbs, 5¼c; stock but good. Lambs scarce and fat lots higher; Jersey's, 52 lbs, 12c, and 100 of sixty lbs $7,50 each; one car poor, 44 lbs, Indiana, 7½c; one car, 58 lbs, Canada, 9½c. Hogs; sales 9,100, completing 30,500 since Saturday, against 21,000 last week. Market better. Dressed 5¼c to 6c.

BUFFALO, July 5.—Cattle receipts to-day only 34, making the supply for the week 5,746, against 7,410 last week. Yesterday being a National Holiday, only one or two buyers were at the yards to-day; there were unsufficient operations on which to place market sales; 49 Illinois steers, 1,325 lbs, $6.90. Sheep receipts to-day 1,000, making the supply for the week 7,410 against 9,400 last week; market firm at $5 for Canada sheep; $7,50@8,50 for Canada lambs; $5,25 for western sheep, quoted at $4 to $5,25 according to quality; sales of 418 Canada lambs, 57 to 60 lbs, $7@7,25; 130 Ohio lambs, 46 lbs, $6,50; 22 Canada sheep, 107 lbs, $5; 291 Ohio sheep, 75 to 79 lbs, $5@5,25. Hogs: receipts to-day 2,000, making the supply for the week 14,300.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 5.—Flour dull and depressed; jobbing superfine $5.75@6.00; double $6.75@7.00; treble $7.25@9.00; extra to choice family $9.25@10.50. Corn quiet; mixed 56c; white 57c. Oats firmer at 46c. Hay easier; prime $25@27. Bran quiet at $1.05@1.10. Pork dull; mess held at $12.25. Bacon scarce and active at 5¾, 6¼, 8½@8¾c. Hams, sugar cured 12¾@13c. Lard in better demand; tierces packer 9c; refined 9½c; keg and kettle 10¼c; refined 10¾c. Sugar: fair to good fair 8¾@9¾c; prime 10¼. Whisky dull and lower at 85@86c. Coffee 17@19½c. Cotton very dull; sales of 66 bales; nominally good ordinary 21½c; low middlings 22½; middlings 24½c; receipts 343; exports to Liverpool 1,784; stock 26,997; week's sales 1,300; receipts net 787; gross 1,039; exports to Liverpool 4,691; coastwise 2,075.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Wheat irregular; $1,24½@1,25 for cash and seller July; $1,25½@1,26 for seller last half of this month; $1,17¾@1,18 for seller August, and $1,08 for seller the year. Corn steady and closing quiet; 40¾c for seller July; 42¾@43c for seller August; rejected 37½@37¾c. Flour inactive and nominally unchanged. Oats firmer and in fair demand; 27¼c for fresh; 29½c for seller July; 24½c for seller August; rejected 24½c. Rye quiet and firmer; sales at 56@57c. Barley quiet and firm; 52@53c for regular. Pork irregular and unsettled; offered, $12,10 for seller July nominally, and $12,80 for seller August. Lard steady; $8,80 cash for seller July. S. C. hams firm; sales of 50 cases at 15½c, average 12c, summer cure. Meats firm: sales of shoulders 6c. Whisky firm; sales at 86c; all offerings taken.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 5.—Cotton steady and in moderate demand at 24c. Flour dull and unchanged; fair demand and market firm at $1,45@1,50. Corn dull and unchanged at 48@49c. Oats dull and prices nominal at 33@42c. Barley dull and unchanged. Groceries unchanged. Pork: demand fair and market firm; regular $12@12,12; city nominal. Lard dull and unchanged; summer 8c; steam 8¾c; kettle 9c. Dry shoulders 4¾@4¾c; bulk sides, clear rib, 6¾@6¾c; clear 7c. Bacon: demand fair and market firm; shoulders 5¼c; clear 7¾c. In respect for the memory of Mr. Wm. Smith, the Camber of Commerce has adjourned till next Monday.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The commission agents almost in a body remained closed for business to-day, excepting the necessary receipt of drafts and for the delivery of goods, but jobbers generally were open, although hardly any regular trade was done. Most of the jobbers, however, though fully open, gave the majority of their employes a holiday. There was no market, and no auction sales were held.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5.—Flour dull; superfine $5.25@5.50; extra $6@6.50; Ohio $8.50@9.25. Wheat dull and lower; red $1.50@1.70; amber $1.75@1.80; white $1.80@1.85. Rye steady 76c. Corn quiet; yellow 43c; mixed western 42@43c. Oats unsettled; white 40@42c; mixed 37@38c. Provisions: small business. Petroleum unchanged. Whisky: sales at 91¼c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 5.—Flour dull and prices declined. Wheat dull and prices nominal; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,27. Corn steady and in moderate demand; No. 2 mixed 41c. Oats in fair demand; market firm. No. 2 37c. Rye: demand fair and prices advanced; No. 1 57c. Barley dull and nominal; fall No. 2 54c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, July 5.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat in demand; prices advanced 2@3c; No. 2 red Wabash $1,39. Corn dull; high mixed 52c; no grade 42¼c. Oats dull; No. 1 34@34½c; No. 2 31½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

WEST PENN, July 5.—1 car lime, J C Lappe & Co; 1 car lumber J H Morrison; 2 cars lumber, W Anshutz & Co; 2 bxs bacon Voigt M Co; 10 bbls flour J C Thompson & Co; 2 bbls whisky, McSwiggen; 1 car wheat Gilmore & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, June 5.—1 lot hides, Jas Callery & Co; 1 car junk, W M Kennedy & Son; 7 cars coal, Harrison Bros; 1 car ice, Chant Lake Ice Co; 50 cars coal, S M Kier & Co; 28 do do, Armstrong D & Co; 15 do do, Coleman R Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 5.—3 bbls whisky, H P Schwartz; 2 do do, W H Brill & Co; 6 bxs starch, W & H Walker; 10 bbls tobacco, G F Heiss; 6 bxs b powder, S P Armstrong; 2 cars lumber, Dunham & Co; 1 do do, W Anshutz & Co; 15 pails tobacco, A Wiseman & Co; 2 cars Renter; 70 bbls cement, Jos Craig; 2 cars staves, J M Hemphill; 59 bales cotton, Kennedy & Co; 2 cars wheat, Gilmore & Co; 1 car lumber, J B Ingham; 100 bbls flour, R Rea & Son; 1 car lumber, Mullen & Co; 1 car shingles, F Becker & Co.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R., July 3.—1 car lumber, Hill Patton; 1 car do, W Hyde & Co; 1 car do, Union P M Co; 1 car do, Watson; 1 car g stone, F Alden; 45 bxs s machines, Smith & F; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 8 cases paper, Hostetter & S; 20 bxs cheese, Cooper & Co; 10 kgs oat meal, Haworth & H; 5 bxs bills, P paper, Pitts P Mg Co; 1 car candles, W J Mc Kelvey; 4 knobs, Moorhead & Co; do do, Jones N & Co; 5 bbls g apples, H J McCracken; 189 bbls flour, J B Canfield; 75 sks corn, J Rose; 36 sks potatoes, Linhardt bld do; Head C & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY July 5.—22 bbls potatoes, J A Graff; 25 bxs starch, H Riddle S & Co; 50 do do, Winchier H & Co; 2 cars hay, O H Barton; 1 car lt to mdse, Head & C; 22 bbls beef hides, Jas Callery; 4 bbls tallow, Dunlevy Bros; 14 rolls leather, Hammett & Son; 16 bbls hams, 50 tres do do, Jas H Parker; 178 bbls potatoes, A Bell; 10 bbls, do, W H Graff & Co; 22 do do, 6 bbls onions, Vangorder & S; 3 bbls sausage, W B Hays & Son, 5 bbls whisky, H W Beaumont; 50 tres hams, Roose towns.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, July 5.—100 bbls flour, Shoemaker & Co; 1 car malt, Pier D & Co; 8 bbls b apples, 15 bbls eggs, Voigt M & Co; 12 do do, W H Graff & Co; 1 car spokes Bolgen, Lucas & Co; 8 bxs do, 2 bags, Armstrong B & Co; 1 car hay, I Hippley; 22 bgs wool, W Barker & Co; 1 car hams, 50 tres do do, F Sellers & Co; 380 ixs cheese, N J Braden; 49 sks rags, Fleming A & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Fleming A & Co; 2 bbls tallow, G H Bennett; 50 bbls oil, S M Hebron; 160 sks rags, H R McClellan & Co; 6 sks wool, S Harbaugh & Co; 10 bbls wine, Speck & Morrow; 449 bbls paper, 29 sks rags, House H & Co; 50 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & Co; 1 car corn, S B Floyd & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Jas O'Brien.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, June 5.—5 bbls eggs, 8 pkgs butter, Jas Gordon; 18 pkgs do do, 5 do eggs, Arrison to S do do, 7 do butter, 34 bales hay, Hig & Hi; 75 hogs, W Gray & Sons; 1 bbl eggs, Voigt M & Co; 88 bales hay, A S Carlisle; 5 bbls whisky, C Ludwick & B; 80 bales hay, H Smith; 3 bbls eggs, H J McCracken & Bro; 5 bbls whisky, G H Bennett & Co; 5 do do, J G Raible; 26 bales hay, W Forsyth; 74 bxs glass, E C Schmertz.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their HEAD OFFICE,

1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY, being a synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 1027 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps, by addressing DRS. JORDON & DAVIESON,

1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia.

All letters will receive immediate attention. Address **1625 FILBERT STREET.**

mh30-ly

☞DR. A. SLEE, No. 264 PENN STREET.—Longer in the practice of Special and Chronic Diseases than any physician in the city so advertising. All forms of venereal diseases cured in the most thorough and satisfactory manner. Spermatorrhœa or nervous debility, prostatic bladder, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, noises in the head, indigestion, despondency, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, and which unfit the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing consumption and insanity, are permanently cured.

Long standing constitutional diseases skillfully treated, and the effects of mercury completely eradicated.

The Doctor gives particular attention to female complaints, Sterility, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, and all irregularities giving annoyance and trouble. A medical pamphlet is published on Special Diseases of venereal diseases sent by mail for two stamps. Correspondence strictly confidential. Pittsburgh Medical Institute, 276 Penn street. mh28-MWF

☞JOB MOSES' SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS.—These invaluable Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions from whatever cause. To MARRIED LADIES they are particularly suited. They will in a short time bring on regularity, and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The circulars around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

CAUTION.—CAUTION.—It is the fate of every valuable medicine to be COUNTERFEITED. Job Moses' Sir James Clarke's Female Pills are extensively COUNTERFEITED. The genuine have the name of "Jon Moses & Co." on each package. All others are worthless. Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits.

N. B.—In all cases where the GENUINE cannot be obtained, One Dollar enclosed to the Sole Proprietor, JOB MOSES, 68 Cortlandt street, New York, will insure a bottle of the genuine, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, SECURELY SEALED from any observation as to contents.

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☞PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency, and all other diseases of the genital organs, and their results. A cure warranted, or money refunded. The only physicians in the city, and in regular physician of 20 years standing in this city, and has cured over 10,000 cases.

For circulars, etc, address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Office hours from 8 to 12 M., from 1 to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M., Sundays excepted. le27-1m

☞BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THIS Superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine is Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces IMMEDIATELY a splendid Black or natural Brown, leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any other injurious compound, sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York. oc2-1y-MWF-W

☞ON MARRIAGE—HAPPY RELIEF for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. ap26-lyEOS

☞MANHOOD! WOMANHOOD! "Books for the Million!" Who may marry, who not, Why? Impediments, causes and cure. Every father, mother, young man and young woman should read them. 100 pages, sent in SEALED ENVELOPE, 15 cents each; both for 25 cents.

Address DR. WHITTIER, 206 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞BRIGHAM YOUNG COULD HAVE taken his wives along with him if behad provided them with CABLE SCREW WIRE SHOES, so they are dry, easy and durable 18-14t-MWF

RIVER NEWS.

The river was about stationary, with 30 inches in the channel. Weather cooler, with indications at times favorable for more rain. Business on the landing continues very dull.

The Exchange, Capt. Ed. Evans, is announced to depart for Cincinnati to-day without fail, and furthermore, it is contemplated to keep her permanently in the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, trade. She was lengthened 33 feet at Cincinnati making her now 198 feet in length, and adding some 200 tons to her capacity; we are informed by her officers that she is some six inches lighter, handles better and her speed has been increased about one mile per hour. Her running time from Cincinnati to Pittsburgh was 3½ days, landing here with 200 tons, which is excellent time on a low stage of water.

We regret to announce the death of the wife of Capt. Peter Donaldson, which occurred at his residence at Harlewood on Thursday.

The rain on Thursday seems to have been local; we learn that there was no rain of any consequence some 30 miles up the Monongahela.

The Messenger and McCormick were engaged in picnicking on Thursday.

The Mollie Ebert is *en route* from St. Louis, but it is not likely that she will be able to reach here until there is more water.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: Negotiation are in progress for the purchase, by the Maysville and Portsmouth packet companies, of the steamer Mountain Boy, which will be put in the trade between here and Chilo as a daily packet. Parties started up the river yesterday to bring her down. Mr. Samuel Morgan, steward of the St. James, will command the Mountain Boy.

—The Carrie V. Kountz has been taken out on the Marine Way, at Carondelet, to be lengthened fifty feet. This will make her two hundred and forty feet long, and wonderfully light of draft. She will be cut amidships, and the lower hog chain, for the insertion of the new portion. The hurricane roof will be correspondingly extended. The job is to be completed in thirty days.

—The iron ore supply continues fair at Carondelet, with an abundance of tonage seeking that class of freight for the Ohio. Some twelve or thirteen barges arrived there within the few days past, which will be loaded this week for Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, & Co.

—C. D. Miller, river editor of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, and his son Harry are taking a trip west. Mr. Miller will accompany his son as far as Denver City, while Harry will remain in the west for a time, visiting Salt Lake City, Santa and other points of note. It is to be hoped that his health will be benefited by the trip.

—Capt David Hiner, of St Louis, has got his name on the pilot house list for life, having been a pilot in the United States Navy. He drew back pay the other day from June 11, 1867, at the rate of $15 per month.

—The Peninah has returned from Randall to Sioux city, and has laid up for business. Captain Shaw intends to bring her down soon and enter the Arkansas trade, for which Shaw and Greenough bought her.

—Captain Henry Abrams, an old Mississippi River steamboatman, has purchased a town lot at Mound City, with the intention of locating there.

—The hull of the old steamer Liberty is being converted into a wharf boat for Bayou Sara, at Mound City.

—James Langwell, a New Orleans discharging clerk, arrested some days since charged with fatally wounding Mike LaFinch, has been acquitted and discharged.

—J. R. Stewart & Co., of Madison, are to build a duplicate of the Joseph Kinney, for the St. Louis and Missouri River trade.

—Capt. John W. Anawalt continues commander of the Davenport in the St. Louis and St. Paul trade.

—Capt. Dickey, of the D. T. Lane reports a sunken iron boat close to the channel, on Charleston bar.

—The wrecked hull of the old Leonidas, lying opposite New Albany, is once more visible.

—The R. R. Hudson has gone to Middleport to go on the dock.

RIVER PACKETS.

CINCINNATI.

☞REGULAR PACKET FOR CINCINNATI.—The commodious and light draught steamer

EXCHANGE, Capt. ED. EVANS.

Will leave as above on SATURDAY, July 6th, at 10 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

jy3 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

☞CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.—The elegant commodious stern wheel steamer

JUNIATA, Capt. A. BRENNAN,

Will leave as above on THIS DAY, July 6th.

The Juniata will receipt passengers and freight through to St. Louis.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

jy6 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

MONONGAHELA RIVER.

☞FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.—The new and light Draught Passenger steamboat

WEST VIRGINIA, Commander,

PETER DONALDSON, Commander, Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning,

HOME NEWS.

Persons leaving the city for the country, during the summer months, can have the GAZETTE by mail, at special rates, by leaving their names at our counting room.

Election of Teachers.

At a meeting of the Fifth Ward School Board, held July 3d, the following teachers were elected for the ensuing year: Principal, J. C. Dolan. Miss Martha Newmount, Miss Mary McElroy and Miss Margerite McElroy.

Slight Fire.

About one o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm of fire was sounded from box 67, occasioned by a fire in the building of the Commercial Oil Company, on Railroad street, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets. The fire was caused by the explosion of a still. The loss will amount to about five thousand dollars.

Hearing in the Case of Peter Spuyer.

In the case of Peter Spuyer, who was charged with the rape of Louisa Schell, a hearing was had before Alderman Koenig yesterday morning. There was no evidence produced to show the guilt of the accused, and he was discharged. All of the evidence was more bear say, which originated at the time that the girl was sick.

Kicked by a Mule.

Among the sufferers on the Fourth was Mr. James Coyle, employed in White's livery stable, First avenue. He was engaged in harnessing a mule for the race on Penn avenue, when the vicious animal gave him a terrible kick in the side by which several of his ribs were broken; he likewise suffered severe internal injuries. The sufferer was attended by Dr. A. W. McCoy, who thinks the patient will recover.

Death From Sunstroke.

A German named John Pierson, who is employed at Huckenstin's brickyard in the Third ward, Allegheny, was overcome by the heat about Thursday noon and carried to his boarding house at the corner of Second avenue and James street. Dr. W. W. Cole was called but he remained in an insensible condition until two o'clock when he died. Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, held an inquest and a verdict of death by sunstroke was returned.

Money to Loan.

In our advertising columns will be found the card of Mr. B. F. Brown, who has opened an office at No. 3 Smithfield street, (Monongahela House,) for the purpose of dealing in Notes, Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, &c. Our readers will find Mr. Brown a prompt and reliable business man, and persons wanting money on mortgages or other securities, will find it to their advantage to call on him. He has money to loan on mortgages in sums of from one thousand to twenty-five thousand dollars.

A Fraternal Scene.

The brothers John and James Gabby reside in the same house in the Third ward, Allegheny, and there is a peculiar fraternal feeling existing between them. Yesterday they had a brotherly disagreement, when James undertook to enforce his argument in a forcible way for which purpose he used a poker very effectively upon John's head. John stood the battering as well as he was able, but at last, bruised and bloody, escaped from the house and called upon Mayor Callow before whom he made an information against James for aggravated assault and battery. James was arrested and is now in the lockup. John is at home under the surgon's care.

An Old Lady Seriously Injured.

On the morning of the "Fourth," Mrs. Lang, an old lady, met with a very serious accident. She resided with her son, Mr. Fred. Lang, at at the corner of Madison avenue and Perry street, Third ward, Allegheny. At the time in question she walked toward the stove in the kitchen to attend to some cooking, when suddenly the floor underneath gave way and precipitated her and the stove into the cellar. She was rendered insensible by a portion of the stove falling upon her, but Dr. James Herron was summoned, and after receiving medical attention she revived somewhat, and yesterday was considerably improved, although she is not yet out of danger.

Cutting Affray.

About nine o'clock on Thursday evening, a cutting affray ocurred in East Liberty which, as usual, was the result of the use of too much stimulus on the part of the participants. It seems that two men named Thomas Howard and John Galoway, had been drinking together during the evening, and from some cause or other got into a quarrel, when Galloway struck Howard, who at the time was whittling with his pen-knife. Howard immediately attacked him with his pen-knife, inflicting four or five wounds in various parts of his body, inflicting very severe though not dangerous wounds. Galloway made an indictment before Esquire Phillips, charging Howard with felonious assault and battery. Howard has not yet been arrested.

The Western University.

The charter of the Western University was amended at the last Legislature, increasing the number of the Board from twenty-six to thirty members. The Chancellor and Mayors of Pittsburgh and Allegheny are ex-officio members of the Board which is divided into three classes, the term of office being one, two and three years. An Executive Committee will be chosen annually who shall with certain limitations have the management of the affairs of the University.

The following gentlemen have been elected to fill the vacancies in the Board occasioned by the new charter: William Bakewell, Esq., Henry Lloyd, Hon. F. H. Collier, Rev. A. S. Milligan E. F. Jones, Esq. Under the amendment to the charter, and with an Executive Committee which can be called together whenever it may be desirable, the efficiency of the University will be, it is believed, greatly increased. Already a number of $5,000 pledges have been made towards the $100,000 to be raised in fulfillment of one of the condition of the liberal donation of Mr. Wm. Thaw.

A Heavy Casting.

Something of a sensation was created in Allegheny yesterday by the efforts of a teamster to transport a mammoth casting through the streets. The casting was an anvil weighing sixteen tons, and designed for use at the Pittsburgh Locomotive, located at the lower part of Allegheny, near the car stables. It was suspended from a large truck, and the work of transportation proceeded satisfactorily until Federal street was reached, when the chains slipped and it broke down at Robinson street. It was rigged up again, and within the next two hours had been hauled—eleven horses doing the work—to the corner of North avenue and Federal street, when, in working the team, the front wheel of the truck on the right side gave way, and there was another wreck, and the avenue was blockaded. The cars of the Pleasant Valley Railway were detained for about an hour, but finally the track was cleared enough to admit of their passage. Men were engaged all night in repairing the wreck, and this morning the line of march will be taken up again.

Accidentally Shot.

About seven o'clock on Thursday evening, Mr. William Gormly, with his wife and child, was driving along Centre avenue, when he was startled by a sudden scream from his wife. An instant later she dropped her child and placed her hands upon the back of her neck. Mr. Gormley now noticed that her dress and neck were covered with blood, and was very much surprised at this sudden and mysterious affair. Fortunately for them they were near their house, and he drove as fast as he could to reach home. Before they arrived, however, Mrs. Gormley had fainted, and had to be carried into the house. A physician was immediately summoned, and ascertained that the wound was caused by a pistol shot. He succeeded, with considerable difficulty, in extracting the ball, which had passed into the neck a little beyond the ear; had it been a very little higher or to one side, it would probably have proved fatal. The wound is not dangerous, and the lady is at present in a very comfortable condition. Neither of the occupants heard the shot, and it is supposed that it was fired by some careless person who took that dangerous way of celebrating the Fourth.

DEATH FROM APOPLEXY.

Found Dead in Bed.

Yesterday morning a distressing case of sudden death was developed in Allegheny. The victim was Mr. John G. Eichenmiller, a butcher, who resided at the corner of Madison and North avenues, in the Third ward. The evening previous he retired at the usual hour and in good health, so far as was known. About four o'clock his wife arose and was horrified to find her husband dead. He had given no sign of sickness during the night, and evidently his demise had been unaccompanied by a struggle. The deceased was about forty-three years of age, and leaves a widow and seven children. An inquest was held, and a verdict rendered of "death from apoplexy."

LEECHES FOR DRINKS.

A specimen from one of our hydrants.

We have heretofore called attention to the filthy condition of the water which comes through the pipes from our basin, and which we are expected to use for domestic and drinking purposes. The point made that the water we are supplied with is not fit for any purpose in the household. Our own hydrants furnished the illustration at the time, and now we have a corroboration. Yesterday an ounce vial was brought to the Mayor's office for exhibition. It contained about a half a dozen tablespoonfuls of water, and in addition, four or five brisket Infantile leeches. The water had been drawn from a hydrant in the eighth ward.

Is there no remedy?

LEAPED FROM A TRAIN,

A Daring Feat and its Result.

Leaping from a train while it is in motion is rarely attended with pleasant consequences, yet there are people who will persist in trying the sport. The latest in our community who is suffering from the trial is a Mr. Schiele a French man. He was on a passenger train on the Fort Wayne road, yesterday, which was moving along at a moderate rate of speed, in the lower part of Allegheny, when he tried to jump off at what is called the Strawberry lane crossing, but missed his calculation. He fell close to the track and the wheels passed over a part of his left foot and right leg, lacerating them terribly. Dr. Buchanan, the road surgeon, was called and dressed the wounds, but it is thought amputation will be necessary.

THE FOURTH.

A National Holiday.

HOW IT WAS CELEBRATED.

Sunshine and Rain.

SENSIBLE ENJOYMENT.

Fun and Business.

NOTES OF OCCURRENCES.

Last Thursday witnessed one of the most extensive and successful celebrations which has taken place in the Iron City for many a day. In fact our city has always been noted for her staid and quiet habits, for her industry and devotion to business, not likely to be carried away by enthusiasm or to take up with every new idea to the detriment of business interests. In fact her motto has always been, business before pleasure. In this we may have carried a good principle a little to the extreme; but the Fourth proved that we are by no means a cold blooded people, and we as well as others may be inspired by patriotic feelings to an expression of our sentiments.

From the moment that some thoughtful citizen first suggested the idea of celebrating the nation's holiday and the completion of that great improvement—the Penn avenue pavement—the people seemed to take an interest in the proposition which insured its success. No one was surprised, therefore, when it was seen that every one—from the day laborer to the banker—was determined to give one day to the celebration of the Glorious Fourth and the Wooden Pavement.

"THE DAY WE CELEBRATE."

Thursday dawned amid a cloud of smoke from crackers and cannons; in fact, the approach of the great day was heralded several hours previous to its birth, by every imaginable noise that could possibly be produced by the aid of gunpowder. The sky predicted a pleasant day—but alas for predictions! the sequel showed that the weather, like all things human, is doubtful and uncertain. At a very early hour, people who arose with the sun were seen wending their way toward the scene of the day's jollification; those who managed to sleep amid the roar of cannon and the rattle of the smaller pieces, were not seen upon the street.

THE PROCESSION.

It had been previously announced that the procession would start from Smithfield street, in front of City Hall; but this order was afterwards revoked, and the organizations which were to start with the procession at this point were notified to join the procession at Lawrenceville. The olds, city officials, the bands and the members of the press, however, started from Smithfield street, moving down Fifth avenue to Market, and thence to Penn street. The procession then moved in the following order:

Squad of City Police.
Great Western Brass Band.
Chief Marshal J. H. Stewart and Aids.
Masonic Band, of McClure township.
Knap's Pennsylvania Battery.
Washington Cornet Band.
Martin's Band.
Avery Guards.
Carriages containing Mayor Blackmore and Orator of the Day.
Carriages containing Penn Avenue Commissioners, Members of Councils, Representatives of City Press, and Citizens.

ON PENN AVENUE,

all along the line of their march the procession was greeted by crowds of people, who gave vent to their patriotic feelings in flags and firecrackers. Reaching the forks of the road the procession received a large addition to its number. Eight or ten two horse wagons containing the employees of Mr. Bracken, the contractor for grading the first part of the avenue, headed the addition. These were followed by wagons filled with the employees of Messrs. Barton & Keeney, the contractors who laid the wooden pavement. The first wagon bore the inscription, "We are anxious to mend your Ways." Next in order were the "Mysterious strangers of the Seventeenth ward" dressed in the most fantastic and ludicrous costumes imaginable. The "Dolly Varden Light Artillery" came next, exhibiting one of their "light" guns in the shape of a huge stove iron chimney, mounted upon timber wheels. The whole procession must have been nearly two miles in length and contained in the neighborhood of ten thousand people.

The procession marched over the entire length of the wooden pavement, and then returned to the grove.

AT THE GROVE.

Arriving at the Winebiddle's grove, the procession halted, and the people scattered through among the trees, reviewing the ample preparations which had been made for their enjoyment. The enterprising vendors of ice cream, soda water and other cooling beverages, reaped an abundant harvest of nickels, while those who dealt in the more substantial edibles—such as ham sandwiches, peanuts, etc.—soon found their tills well lined with the lawful currency of the United States.

THE AVENUE FORMALLY SURRENDERED.

When the crowd had become fairly settled in the grove, Col. Stewart called them to order, and announced that the formal surrender of Penn avenue into the hands of the city authorities would be made. Mr. James Littell, one of the Penn avenue commissioners, was then introduced, and in an eloquent address, he gave the history of the avenue from its conception to its completion. The entire length of the pavement is seven miles, and was constructed at a cost of $405,000. He said that this appeared a very large sum; but when we consider the increase of value which the improvement gives to neighboring property, it could not be deemed extravagant.

Mayor Blackmore received the avenue on behalf of the citizens, and thanked the commissioners for the faithful manner in which they had performed their duty.

THE ROASTED OX.

The citizens having secured the possession of the avenue, next turned their thoughts to a subject which was demanding their attention—provision for the inner man. The huge beef which had so long watered the mouths of the people in anxious expectation, was at last commenced upon, and the way it was cut into small slices indicated the skill of the men who manipulated the carving knives. Their earnest efforts and skillfull manipulations proved unavailable, however, to satisfy the keen appetite of the multitude; and shortly after slice of roast beef melted away like ice cream upon a July afternoon, and still the cry came up for more. The whole beef was soon entirely demolished and the four "muttons" shared a similar fate.

THE "WEATHER."

It is perhaps generally known to those who attended the carnival that it *rained*. And this little incident seemed, for a time, to interfere with the festivities of the occasion. But the ardor of the American people is not of such a quality as to be drowned by a little water. What if linen coats, white dresses and ribbons were reduced to an unpleasant condition by the shower. Should this trifle deter us from a proper respect to the occasion doubly important as it was? Never! After the shower the people had the satisfaction to observe that the dust, previously so troublesome, had been nicely laid by the shower, and the atmosphere very much cooled. Besides, the fields were the wet, and the mules and goats had not been drowned; and as the prospect for racing and fire-works were yet good, many took courage and exclaimed, in the language of the poet, "we may be happy yet."

THE RACES.

As the road was not then in proper condition the trotting races did not take place. The mule race came off however, according to announcement and was won by "Nameless," owned by David Arnheim. The foot race of half a mile, for a silver goblet was won by John Nolan. James Nixon came in second and was awarded a silver cup.

The most amusing feature was contest for the greased pole. Albert A. Klein proved to be the successful "climbest" and was given the ten dollar gold piece.

THE FIRE WORKS.

A large number of people lingered around the grounds, waiting for the fireworks which were announced to take place in the evening. Many others repaired to their homes and returned after supper. By nine o'clock the avenue for the distance of a half a mile was completely jamed with carriages, while the sides of the street and the seats were crowded. The committee having charge of this feature had arranged a convenient place on Winebiddle's hill just opposite the grove from whence to exhibit the pyrotechnics. At half past nine the display commenced and continued until ten. The display was the most brilliant ever witnessed in this locality, and the committee certainly deserve great credit for the able management of the affair.

THE "FINALE."

In summing up the celebration we can but conclude that it was in every point of view, a success. The good order which prevailed throughout was remarkable, while there was (with the exception of that little shower) nothing to mar the harmony of the occasion. The gentleman under whose able management the affair was conducted certainly have reasons for congratulating themselves. Col. John Stewart, the Chief Marshal, deserves especial credit for his arduous efforts to make the affair successful. The representatives of the press feel to him particularly indebted for his kindness in supplying them with conveyances to the grounds, and providing for their accommodation after their arrival.

RESULTS OF THE FESTIVITIES.

The morning courts of the Mayors of the two cities told plainer than words of the unfortunate accompaniments to such a day of pleasure. Ninety-three individuals who had celebrated in too large doses, greeted Mayor Blackmore yesterday morning. The Mayor did not propose to establish so dangerous a precedent as to make exceptions or consideration of the occasion, and so most of them were obliged to pay the customary penalty—one dollar and costs. At Mayor Callow's court, nineteen victims of a too demonstrative patriotism applied for legal advice. Most of them were released after paying a small fee, with some sound counsel from the Mayor.

PICNICS.

The members of the First Methodist Sunday-school, with a large number of their friends, repaired to Hulton's Station, where they spent a very pleasant day.

The Trinity M. E. Sunday-school also held a picnic in a grove near Hulton's Station. All seemed really to enjoy themselves, and returned with happy faces, indicating having spent a pleasant day.

THE RESERVE BAND PICNIC.

Among the enjoyable picnic gatherings of the day was that given by the Reserve Silver Cornet Band, on Mount Troy. The affair had been put into good hands and the result was evidenced in the good order and general enjoyment apparent everywhere on the grounds. The rain in a measure interfered with the festivities, but otherwise the first picnic of this excellent band was a thoroughly agreeable success.

WEST LIBERTY SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.

The annual Fourth of July celebration of Knowlson M. E. Sunday School, West Liberty, in this county, took place on Thursday, in Capt. George Neeld's grove. The attendance was quite large, and all enjoyed themselves to the utmost. The minister of the church, Rev. Mr. Baker, and superintendent of the school, Mr. Frank Neeld, as well as others connected therewith, did their very best to make the occasion a success, and succeeded admirably. The dinner was all that could be desired. The refreshing shower scattered the people among the neighboring residences for a short time, but all returned to the grove and finished the day in a most agreeable manner.

ROW AT A PIC-NIC.

A pic-nic was given at Foulk's Grove, near Jack's Run, which was very largely attended. During the afternoon a row occurred among the attendants which officer Merrman attempted to quail by arresting the ringleader. As he was going off the field with his prisoner a man picked up a large stone and threw it at them. The stone knocked the prisoner senseless and injured him very seriously, so much so that fears are entertained of his recovery.

SUN STRUCK.

At a picnic given on Mount Troy, a boy who had been exercising somewhat freely, became prostrated with the heat and created some excitement by fainting. He recovered, however, and after receiving medical attention was enabled to walk home.

PLAYING WITH FIRE ARMS.

Among those who learned something of the dangers of playing with fire arms was James Kelley, a youth who was exhibiting and sporting with his pistol on Sixth avenue, when it "went off," and sent the ball through his left hand. Dr. Treacy attended him.

Shortly after this accident Joseph Connelow, with a crowd of companions, was allowing the effervescence of his patriotism to ooze through a pistol, when the weapon was accidentally discharged, while he was holding it against the side of his head. The ball passed downward through his upper lip and jaw, taking two front teeth with it, and finally lodging in his lower jaw. The wound was dressed by Dr. Walker.

Among the most serious accidents was that of which Mast. Chas. Alston of Allegheny was the victim. He was amusing himself with his brother in firing at a mark near their father's residence, on North alley, when the pistol was prematurely discharged. It was loaded with slugs, one of which struck Charlie in the right breast, inflicting a terrible wound. Drs. Cole, Mahon and Dickson were called in and probed the wound but did not succeed in discovering the slug; then, subsequently it was taken out, and the boy somewhat rallied, but he is yet in a very critical condition. Dr. Cole is in attendance on him. It is feared that lock-jaw will set in.

The Fourth in Beaver County.

CANNELTON, BEAVER Co., July 4, 1872.

EDITORS GAZETTE.—We celebrated the Fourth of July here in the old fashioned way, and perhaps a brief account would not be uninteresting to your readers. As Cannelton is neither large nor famous, it may be well to state that it is only the name of the Post Office of the Davis Coal banks in Darlington township, Beaver county, and is on the Economy Railroad. On the arrival of the train at 10 A. M. this morning, the Cannelton brass band, which, by the way is one of the best in the county, escorted the Lawrence County Brass Band and the invited guests to a beautiful grove a short distance from the station, where a large crowd had already gathered. After playing a large number of patriotic airs, Esq. Mansfield, to whom we are mainly indebted for the celebration, took the chair, and Hon. W. S. Shurlock read the Declaration of Independence, after which Hon. Wm. McClelland and Hon. J. S. Bufkin delivered able and appropriate addresses. Immediately after the meeting adjourned, balloons were sent up, in one of which was an effigy of Horace Greeley on his way to Baltimore. Dancing and fire works followed, and notwithstanding the rain in the afternoon, all went off satisfactorily and the miners here and the people of the surrounding country who turned out en masse are delighted. It is the first old fashioned celebration in the county since the breaking out of the late war, and the great crowd in attendance showed that the people like the old custom of observing the National Holiday. MINER.

A DESPERADO.

The Knife in the Hands of a Reckless Man.

It is quite difficult to decide what feeling propels a man to do a wicked and thoughtless act if no provocation can be cited or brought to the foreground. We imagine that William Harrison, a burly bully hailing from Wilkinsburg will cross examining, for he was arrested on the "Glorious Fourth" to make himself gloriously ridiculous, if not a subject for penitentiary honors for a good long term of years. He had been in the company early and often, on our anniversary day and imbibed a sufficient quantity of brain-stealing beverages to make him pugnacious and offensive. He left, to retire to his family, we presume, on the four o'clock Johnstown Accommodation train, and while seated in the smoking car suddenly took a cool hankering after the heart's blood of a civil and genteel colored man named John Vincent, who was a fellow traveler with him. He attacked him viciously with a huge knife without any provocation whatever, and made several dangerous wounds. The struggle made by Vincent for his life was desperate, and had it not been for the brave and manly conduct of a brakeman, Mr. John Pepperday, who interferd to save the man's life, we might have, ere this, added murder to report this morning. When he found himself frustrated Harrison turned on the brakeman, and, with a peculiar vengeance only begotten by strong drink, gave the latter a most violent manner, actually compelling him to jump off the train near Edgewood while it was in motion at the rate of twenty miles an hour. At Wilkinsburg the desperado was arrested, the conductor having notified the authorities of his outrageous conduct. We hope he will receive such a lesson as will hereafter deter him from celebrating the "Fourth" in such a manner, and from stealing so lovely a life use of such a miscievous weapon as an Arkansas tooth-pick. Informations were, or will be, made against him for felonious assault and battery by both of the parties he assailed so wantonly, and no doubt stern and rigid justice will be meted out to him.

BUFFALO BOATING REGATTA.

Success of the Pittsburghers—The Single Scull Race Won by Scharff—The McKee Club Win the Four-Oared Race.

The regatta announced to come off at Buffalo, N. Y., attracted considerable attention among the lovers of aquatic sports, and proved to be in every way a decided success. A very large concourse of people were in attendance, and the banks were completely crowded, while the stream was filled with boats of every imaginable shape and form. Although the principal feature of the regatta was expected to be the four-oared race, more interest seemed to be occasioned by the single scull. This race was for a purse of $200, and there were but two entries, William Scharff, of Pittsburg and Richard Tinning, Jr., of Toronto. Tinning is a very large and powerful man, and has the reputation of being one of the swiftest rowers in Canada. He and his friends, therefore, expected that their man would experience no difficulty in getting away with the small man who has just attained his majority—and they bet according to this supposition.

The very even start was obtained, and for some distance the race was close and exciting; but presently the Pittsburgher drove away from his opponent, and before the course was half rowed over he was plainly seen to be the winner, things pretty much his own way. He came in far ahead and was greeted with loud shouts from the crowd. The Pittsburghers who were present staked considerable money upon their favorite, and were very jubilant over the result.

In the five-oared race, for a prize of five hundred dollars, the Xantha Club, of Pittsburgh, was ruled out on account of an objection raised by the Buffalo club. The McKee crew, of Pittsburgh, came off victorious. The large number of Pittsburghers who were in attendance upon the races were highly elated with the result, having reversed the remark so often heard upon similar occasions, that Pittsburghers always got beaten.

FOUND DROWNED.

Another Victim of Drink.

On the morning of the Fourth, shortly after daybreak, a gentleman who was rowing across the Monongahela, discovered the body of a man floating in the river opposite Fawcett's saw mill, near Lock No. 1. He caught and hauled it in to shore when word was sent to the Coroner. That official failed to respond even after two messages had been sent to him and the citizens in the vicinity prevailed upon Alderman McAdams to hold an inquest, at which several witnesses testified to seeing the man the previous evening lying on the rafts in front of the saw mill. Once he got up, took off his coat, bathed his face and head, and then laid down again. The next morning his coat and hat were found on the raft but the man was missing. It was the opinion of all the witnesses that he was intoxicated, which inference was drawn from his action.

He appeared to be a man of about thirty-five years of age, five feet in height, fair complexion and dark hair. He wore black coat, pants and vest, and red barrel flannel shirt. In his pockets were found a baby's shoe, a pair of spectacles, an empty pocket-book, pen-knife, and a seal with the initials "J. C. W." stamped upon it.

The jury returned a verdict that the deceased, an unknown man, came to his death by falling off a raft into the river and being drowned while intoxicated." The remains were interred at the expense of the county.

Amusements.

Dupree and Benedict's minstrels played to a very fair audience last night, and no doubt to night will have a crowded house. This troupe is one of the very best that travels. The bill offered to-night is immense.

We are sorry to see that "Black Friday" and the assassination of Fisk is to have the borrds at the new Opera House next week. The play is an infamous one and should be discountenanced by all lovers of the drama. Pittsburgh is not the city to give encouragement to any play where such a noted character as Miss Mansfield are to be represented.

The Ink with which the GAZETTE is printed is manufactured by the Diamond Ink Company of this city. Our pressman says he has never used any he liked so well. tf

A real good article of jewelry is something hard to get now-a-days, but there is no trouble if you call at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street.

THURSDAY'S STORM.

Thunder and Lightning—A Deluge—The Damage Done.

The "Fourth," along with the other features of the day was signalized by one of the heaviest storms we have had in this vicinity for some time. Especially was this the case with Allegheny, where the storm raged with peculiar violence. The lightning was very vivid, and altogether too frequent to be pleasant. The rain descended in a perfect torrent and in many places considerable damage was the result. The record so far we could ascertain embraces the following list:

A tree in front of Mr. McCreery's residence, Pleasant Valley, Allegheny, was demolished by the lightning, but everything else surrounding escaped.

Another tree in front of officer Geary's residence in Pleasant Valley, was also shivered, and Mr. Horner Boyd, who was standing near by knocked senseless. He remained unconscious for some time, but afterward appeared none the worse for the shock.

Mr. Jacob Beckert, residing on Mount Troy, Seventh ward, went into the stable while the storm was raging and as he stood in the doorway, the lightning struck a compost heap in front of him, sending its materials flying in the air and shocking Mr. Beckert so that he was unconscious for a while. Medical attention restored him to vigor.

The force of the wind burst open the door of Mr. Z. Ollespie's stable on Jackson street, second ward, two horses in the stable thus escaped. They started out on their travels, and were caught by a boy, who was just taking them to a livery stable when Mr. Ollespie came in sight, and pressing the boy to have been attempting to steal the animals, had him arrested. When the facts were explained, however, he withdrew the charge.

The stable of Mr. George Shneider, on Concord street, Seventh ward, was flooded with water up to the horses head, and the animal had to be removed.

A small run in the Seventh Ward became swollen into a miniature river, and the waters in their course flooded a building known as Mills' Court, tearing out a portion of the lower part of the side wall, and sweeping everything in the lower floor away. The house was occupied by Mr. Trainer, whose loss will be about three hundred dollars. The water fell in such volumes that many of the sewers were completely choked up, and cellars along Montgomery avenue and other parts of the city were flooded. Mr. Druit, druggist, at the corner of Federal street and Montgomery avenue, sustained considerable damage.

The run which courses through Pleasant Valley in the Second ward was swoln till it assumed the proportions of a river. A part of the foundation of the Pleasant Valley railway stables was washed away, and thirty or forty feet of the front of the building fell with a crash. One of the cars was buried under the debris, but fortunately there was no person in it at the time. The company's loss will probably reach between five and six thousand dollars. The run passes under several slaughter houses, and a number of the animals which were confined in pens were drowned by the overflowing of the run.

The bridge over Butcher's Run, Seventh ward, at Royal street, was also washed away.

The dwelling owned and occupied by a man named Waterman, on Union alley, South side, was damaged by lightning. The lightning struck the chimney and passed down the roof, tearing off shingles, and down the water-spout, demolishing the conductor, weather boarding, and everything in its course. Mr. Waterman was somewhat stunned by the shock, but was not seriously hurt.

The track in Cork's tunnel, on the Steubenville railroad was completely obstructed for several hours by the dirt and stones washed down by the heavy rain. A passenger train was detained in the tunnel until the track could be cleared. The train was stopped in the tunnel and the passengers who were coming to the city had to get out and foot it. Among them were a number of "pic-nicers" returning from the scene of festivity at Mansfield.

The stable sewer in front of Heckelman's brewery, at the foot of Troy Hill bursted, about thirty feet being washed out. A smaller sewer from the brewery also caved in.

These were the principal items of damage so far as we could ascertain.

RIOT IN EAST LIBERTY.

Three Officers Assaulted and Badly Injured—Seven of the Participants Arrested.

Yesterday the German Catholic church of Lawrenceville, gave a pic-nic at Friendship Grove, which like large picnics in general, attracted a good many "roughs." About half past five o'clock last evening a fight occurred between two men, and the police interfered and attempted to quell the disturbance. A crowd of about two hundred persons immediately turned upon the officers and commenced pelting them with sticks, stones, brickbats, and everything that they could lay their hands upon. Officers O'Mara, McGovern and Swift were assaulted by the crowd, and very roughly used. O'Mara fell and was left for dead by the others who were obliged to fly for their lives. The mob even followed some of them though those of the officers were struck. The policemen stood their ground bravely and used their maces with considerable effect until they were overcome by the crowd. Officer McGovern had his right eye put out by a brick. The other two officers were badly bruised about their faces though none of the wounds received are dangerous.

Seven of the rough-necks arrested, six of whom were brought to the central station, and one taken to the Twelfth ward station-house. The names of four of the parties arrested are, Edward Shannon, Ryan, Jones, Wallace and —— Dunn. Two of the parties were released on bail, and the others held for a hearing.

Attractions for Home.

Make home attractive. One of the methods of doing this is to supply the home with those modern appliances by which the domestic arrangements are made to run more harmoniously. One of these—and a very important appliance —is the sewing machine, the American, an overseaming and button-hole sewing machine, by which the sewing for a family may be done more expeditiously—in almost one-half the time with less labor and much greater satisfaction. The American is preeminently the machine for the home, as fine or coarse goods may be made up, and with equal ease. The agent, Mr. James Espy, No. 178 Liberty street, will take pleasure in showing the advantages of the American to any person who will take the trouble to spend a few minutes at his place of business.

Watches Clocks and Jewelry.

Mr. Samuel Orr, the practical jeweler of Allegheny, has laid in at his establishment, No. 114 Federal street, Allegheny, a complete assortment of watches, clocks, jewelry and silver ware, to which he invites the attention of purchasers. He feels confident that none can undersell him and that the goods in every instance will give satisfaction. Mr. Orr has been in business in Allegheny for a number of years, and his character for skill in workmanship and fairness of dealing has always been of the highest rank. If any of our readers need anything in his line, we know they cannot do better than by favoring him with their patronage.

If you really want an excellent suit of clothing for summer wear, and made in the latest style and of good goods, and sold at reasonable price, we would advise you to try Mr. Thomas Seaworth's new and elegant establishment, who have ever patronized him heretofore, and their name is legion, have been satisfied, and we don't think new patrons will have any less cause to be pleased with what they get at Seandrett's in exchange for their money.

Summer Suits.

Where to get them.
Summer Suits.
Where to get them.
Summer Suits.
Where to get them.
Summer Suits.
Where to get them,

Go to the Boston One Price Store, No. 95 Smithfield street, and your wants will be supplied.

Have you looked at those new and beautiful Mantle ornaments at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street.

Gothic Chimney Top.

The Gothic chimney top, which is now coming into use, besides being a very useful article to "top off" with, is also winning its way into popular favor because of the fine appearance it gives to the chimney. In this respect it is really one of the most meritorious articles in the list of building materials, and we are therefore not surprised that the agents for Allegheny county, Lacock, Hawthorne & Co., are doing a good trade in it, at their house No. 47 Federal street, Allegheny.

The business of this house, however, is not confined alone to the sale of the chimney tops but they are also extensively engaged in the manufacture of galvanized ventilators, &c., &c., and are ready to take contracts for this work in any part of the county. Their facilities are ample, and we take pleasure in recommending them to contractors and builders.

Important Information.

In these days of "shoddy" goods it is important to every purchaser of clothing to know where to invest his money with the certainty that he will get a good article in return. This can be accomplished by purchasing at the establishment of Messrs. Wm. Hespenheide & Co., No. 50 Sixth street, for there is nothing kept on hand at that house which the firm will not guarantee to be an article fully worth the money asked for it. They have now a very choice assortment of goods for summer suits, and are prepared on the shortest notice to make up suits for gentlemen at reasonable prices. We can heartily recommend this firm to the patronage of all who wish to deal with a reliable firm.

An elegant assortment of ladies gold watches just received at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street.

The Duquesne Wagon Works

of Messrs. C. COLEMAN & SON, on Marion avenue Allegheny, is turning out some of the best and best-finished work to be found in any American shop, East or West, including, *Farm, Southern* and *Platform Spring Wagons*, and a new special, by, *the Combined Patent Self-Oiling Iron Axle Thimble Skein Wagon*, surpassing all others in durability, lightness of draught and cheapness; also, all descriptions of Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, etc. Only the best materials used, and only the best workmen employed. Prices 15 to 25 per cent. lower than the East. All work warranted. Address C. COLEMAN & SON, s.s. Allegheny City, Pa.

There is just now a fresh and beautiful assortment of summer suits, one of which will enable you in a great measure to stand the hot weather, at the Boston One Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard's Block.

PRICES REDUCED.

THE

Mowry Homestead LOTS.

Great Inducements Offered!

The owners of this beautiful property have decided, in view of the past great sales, to reduce the price of the Lots, and by so doing to place them within the reach of all. It is useless for us to say that these Lots are the best now offered for sale within the city limits, for it has become an established and well-known fact. This property fronts immediately on the line of the Citizens Passenger Railway, while scarcely 50 yards away runs the A. V. R. R. All the Avenues are 50 feet wide, and many of the Lots contain the Finest Moulding Sand to the depth of 12 and 14 feet. We would recommend every man or woman who can command a little money to buy one or two of the beautiful Lots, and we predict that before three years they will be worth at least double what we are willing to take for them. Call on us, and we will show you all over the grounds.

SILL & SON,

Cor. Butler and 42d Streets.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

Officer Rupert yesterday observed a blind beggar attempting to rob a brother mendicant who was in possession of but one leg. He took the thief into custody and allowed him to sleep off his potations, after which the Mayor fined him for drunkenness and let him go.

Hugh McHugh, for acting disorderly was fined thirty dollars, yesterday by Mayor Callow, which induced him to become obstreperous and insulting. The Mayor then increased the fine to fifty dollars, and in default sent Hugh to the workhouse.

Alderman Taylor yesterday had the following cases: Mary Brown charged Dolly Twigg with assault and battery in attacking defendant and striking her over the head with a club. Kate Keep made an information against Margaret Shover with assault and battery in hitting deponent with her fist and threatening to kill her with a knife. Margaret Shover charges Kate Keep with assault and battery, alleging that she beat deponent with her fist. Margaret Shover accuses Lina Keep of larceny, alleging that the defendant stole a black skirt and a white petticoat belonging to the deponent, which were valued at four dollars. Samuel Miller is charged with stealing a cashmere suit of clothing belonging to James Leaning, and valued at thirty-five dollars. In all of the above cases warrants have been issued.

Daniel Strain, Jr., makes an information against Jacob Lounge, charging him with selling liquor on Penn avenue, Sixth ward. Alderman Taylor issued a warrant.

Israel De Roy alleges before Alderman Strain that Henry De Boer is guilty of surety of the peace in saying that the deponent had received stolen goods. Warrant issued.

Before Alderman Strain cross suits are entered by Anna McClure and Mary Murphy. Mrs. Murphy is charged with striking her over the head upon two of Mrs. McClure's children by throwing water upon them. Mrs. Murphy then makes an information against Mrs. McClure, charging her with assault and battery. Warrants were issued for both.

Katharine McKelvey made an information before Alderman McMasters against George Jones, charging him with assault and battery upon her son. It seems the boys work in the same mill, and it is alleged that the defendant enticed young McKelvey to a place some distance from the mill and then gave him a very severe pounding. Warrant issued.

Pleasures of the Drive.

Nothing is more exhilarating and invigorating this pleasant weather than an evening or a morning drive along any of the fine avenues leading from our cities to the suburban country, but to thoroughly enjoy this pleasure, one should have a nice buggy or road wagon, such as may be obtained for the most reasonable price at our home manufactory, of Messrs. Workman & Davis, whose Bazaar is located at Nos. 167, 169, and 171 Penn avenue. This firm has made a specialty this season of road wagons and buggies, and they have in store a fine specimens of this manufacture as can be seen east or west. Our people at home would save money and get a vehicle that could be relied upon, by purchasing of Messrs. Workman & Davis.

Gold rings, bracelets, lockets, gold pencils, necklaces, watch guards and chains, in endless variety, at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street.

A New Idea.

Have you had one of the new style striped linen summer hats—lighter than straw and much more stylish? If not, go to Pratt's, 107 Federal street, Allegheny, and take your choice from the stock he has on hand. New and fresh stock just received. Keep your head cool and comfortable and you will be better able to withstand the depressing effects of the heat.

H. Sutmeyer, Bro. & Co. have a large assortment of ready made clothing on hand for gentlemen and for children, and their patrons need be annoyed with no vexatious delay but can fit themselves out at a moment's notice with fine, fashionable, stylish and durable goods—and their prices will be found marvellously low. Call at the store southwest corner of the Diamond and Federal street, and get supplied.

Fine lockets and chains of the most unique and lovely patterns, at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street.

Gentleman Pleasure Seekers who are hieing away to the sea shore to hear what the wild waves are saying, should first heed the advice of wise counsellors here by laying in a stock of clothing suitable for summer wear at the seaside from Urling, Follansbee & Co.'s, south-west corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue. They will find a full assortment from which to make selections, and cannot fail to have their fancies suited.

Humans share with Horses the benefits derivable from the world crowned MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. The most irrefragable testimony establishes the fact that this wondrous balm exerts the same soothing and healing influence when applied to